The Evening Times.

VOL. XVII.—NO. 98. HAMILTON, ONTARIO, MONDAY, APRIL 27, 1874. PRICE THREE CENTS.

THE DAILY TIMES

IS PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING, at the Office, corner of Hughson and King streets, by the

TIMES PRINTING COMPANY.

TERMS:—$6.00 per annum, in advance. 12½ Cents, payable weekly to the Carriers.

ADVERTISING RATES:

Six lines and under, first insertion ...... 50 Cents.
Each subsequent insertion ...... 12½ "
Over six lines, first insertion, per line...... 8 "
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Advertisements—alternate days......	5c.	3c.
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" once a week	5c.	5c.

All advertisements measured by a scale of nonpareil.

Advertisements without written instructions will be inserted till ordered out, and charged accordingly. Favorable arrangements made with parties advertising by the year.

Professional Cards.

MACKELCAN, GIBSON & BELL
Have Removed
of their New Office, on the west-side of James Street, opposite the Gore, over the Montreal Telegraph Office.
F. MACKELCAN. J. M. GIBSON. WM. BELL.
Hamilton, Oct. 16, 1873. 87-1y

LAZIER & WHITE.
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c. OFFICE—42 Lister's Block, James Street, City.
S. F. LAZIER, M.A., LL.B. | J. WHITE, Jr., M.A.
N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate Security.
Hamilton, August 21, 1873. 63-tf

CHISHOLM & LAIDLAW.
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers Notaries, &c., &c.
Office 24 James Street North, opposite City Hall.
Office hours from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Money always on hand to loan.
D. B. CHISHOLM. | WM. LAIDLAW.
Hamilton, Sept 25, 1873. 215-tf

GAGE & WHATELEY,
LAW, CHANCERY AND CONVEYANCING.—Office, 35 John Street, Hamilton.
E. B. GAGE. | HENRY WHATELEY.
Money to lend on Real Estate. Rates reasonable.
Hamilton, March 12, 1874. 60-113 d&w

JOHN M. BRUCE,
☞ Barrister, Attorney and Solicitor, ☜
8 King Street West,
Offices lately occupied by Martin & Bruce,
HAMILTON, ONTARIO, CANADA.
February 2, 1874. 27-3m*

F. E. KILVERT.
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor in Chancery, &c.,
HAS REMOVED TO HIS NEW Office, on the south side of King street, upstairs, over the Ancaster Knitting Company's Office, and opposite Stoneman & Morris' Fruit Store.
Hamilton, April 8, 1874. 82-tf

J. E. START, BARRISTER, &c, Office, over Burrows' Auction Rooms, Merrick Street.
Hamilton, Feb. 21, 1874. 35-3m

R. A. CLARK, M. D., C. M. L. C. P. S. O.—Office and Residence, 33 Catharine Street North.
Hamilton, April 9, 1874. 83-1y

DR. A. M. ROSEBRUGH, (117) Church Street, Toronto, may be consulted at the office of Dr. J. W. ROSEBRUGH, upper James Street, Hamilton, on Saturday, the 27th Sept. (for one day only), and subsequently on the last Saturday of every month.
Hamilton, Jan. 9, 1873. 24-tf

DR. L. F. CRAWFORD, HOMŒOPATHIC Physician, Surgeon, &c.
☞ Office and Residence, Corner John and Rebecca Street.
Hamilton, July 17, 1873. 166-tf

E. G. KITTSON, M. D., C. M., Physician, Surgeon, &c.—Office No. 1 Mary Street, corner King.
Hamilton, July 1, 18 . 153-1y

CHARLES F. A. LOCKE, M. D., C. M. Office and Residence—Corner Bay and Market Streets.
Hamilton, Nov. 11, 1872. 265-1y

DR. F. CROOKER, (72 JAMES Street South, M. D., Victoria College; M. R. C. Eng.; L. R. C. S., Edin. Patients with diseases of the eyes admitted on Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Hamilton, Oct. 28, 1870. 255-1v

J. G. SINCLAIR, L. D. S., DENTIST, opposite the Large Fountain, King Street.
Hamilton, April 11, 1874. 85-tf

E. THOMAS, DENTIST, HAS REMOVED to his residence, Wellington Square. Parties from the City requiring his treatment will find it greatly to their advantage to call on him.
Tuesdays and Fridays of each week will be devoted to the attention of those who may come from a distance.
April 1, 1874. 77-1y

DR. R. J. HUSBAND, DENTIST, Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College. Rooms, No. 74 James Street North, two doors below the P. O.
Hamilton, April 6, 1874. 80-1y

JAMES BASTEDO, SURGEON-DENTIST, Office No. 34 King Street West, nearly opposite the Bank of Montreal, Hamilton, Ontario. Residence, 73 Bay Street South, where appointments can be made.
Hamilton, June 20, 1871. d106-1v

PETER SCHULTZ, CARPENTER and Builder, 42 Hannah Street.
Hamilton, April 14, 1874. 87-3m*

JOHN RIACH, LAND, HOUSE, and General Agent, Collector, &c., &c. Office: No. 20 York Street. P. O. Box 507.
Hamilton, Jan. 20, 1874. 16-6m

T. G. SPICKETT.
ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR AND General Agent, 8 Hughson Street North, opposite Times office.
Hamilton, March 31, 1874. 76-1y

HAMILTON ARMOURY, 81 James Street.—CHARLES H. CARTER, Armourer Sergt. 13th Batt.) has in stock all kinds of Fire-arms, Ammunition, and Sporting Material generally.
Hamilton, Jan. 23, 1834. 23-tf

ROBERT OSBORNE, WATCHMAKER, Jeweller and Silversmith, Time-keeper to the Great Western Railway Company. Jewellery of great variety. Gold and Silver Watches. Repairing of all its branches. Engraving Neatly executed.
King street Gore Hamilton Ontario. 103-1y

DAVID C. O'KEEFE, PROVINCIAL Land Surveyor and County Engineer. Office over Morgan's Flour and Feed Store, John street, between King and Main.
Hamilton, Jan. 6 1869.

F. H. LYNCH STAUNTON, Civil Engineer, Provincial Land Surveyor and Deputy Surveyor of Dominion Lands. Office: north side of Main street, between Hughson and James
Hamilton, April 28th, 1872. 98-tf

MONEY TO LEND.—ABOUT $20,000 on Mortgages on Improved Farms or good productive city property at a reduced interest. Apply to
WALTER R. MACDONALD,
Barrister, &c.,
James St., opposite the Fountain, Hamilton.
Hamilton, 1872. 1-tf

MARRIAGE LICENSES ARE ISSUED from the County Registry Offices, Prince's Square.
Hamilton, Oct. 28, 1868. 250-1y

HARVEY, STUART & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Hamilton, Ontario.
Nov. 11 1869. 266-1y

L. C. CHILMAN, MANUFACTURER of Biscuits, Confectionery, Crackers and Cakes, King street, Hamilton, Ontario.
February 17, 1873. 40-1v

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY—Fire and Life. Capital, two million pounds sterling. Reserve Fund one and a half million. Head Offices: Liverpool and London. Fire risks taken in town and country. Short-dated produce risks and life policies issued on the most favorable terms.
GEO. A. YOUNG, Agent for Hamilton.
Hamilton, Feb. 28th, 1870. 448-1v

MASON & GUNN, ACCOUNTANTS, Estate, Insurance and General Agents, Office: 16 James Street South, over Express Office
J. J. MASON, Official Assignee, Secretary Canada Branch National Life Insurance Co., U.S.A.
R. L. GUNN, Late Statistical Clerk Audit Office, G.W.R. Hamilton.
Hamilton, Jan. 22, 1873. 52

ALEX. DAVIDSON, OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE, Accountant and Insurance Agent. Office, No 1 King street West, (Mr Findlay's late Office.
Hamilton, Jan. 10, 1873. 8-tf

A. H. HILLS, ARCHITECT AND Civil Engineer. Office, No. 48 Charles street. Designs made for all classes of buildings. Valuations of work made. Drawings and applications made for Trade Marks and Patents of Invention.
Hamilton, Jan. 1, 1870. 1-1y

SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY, No. 26 King Street West, Hamilton, under the patronage of the Great Western Railway. ☞ Special inducements to offer. Send for circular.
W. GIVIN, Box 302.
Hamilton, May 21, 1873. 119-1v

$5 TO $20 per day. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address,
106-d&wly G. STINSON & Co., Portland Maine

NICKEL PLATING.—THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform manufacturers that he is now prepared to do Nickel Plating on all kinds of metal. Gold and silver plating in all its branches.
R. CROCKETT,
No. 6, Macnab Street North; Hamilton, Ont.
December, 17, 1873. 236-tf

R. STEPHENS,
Accountant, Auditor, &c.
SPECIAL ATTENTION DEVOTED to the auditing of public accounts, adjustment of partnership interests, and the winding up of estates.
REFERENCES:—Hon. Isaac Buchanan, Adam Brown, James Turner, Plummer Dewar, James Bancroft, J. R. Murray, and James Watson, Esqs.
OFFICE:—Rebecca Street, three doors east of James Street, with Messrs. Wylie & Young.
Hamilton, March 18 1874. 264 6m

PERCOLATORS. PERCOLATORS

TEA POTS!

PUDDING PANS PUDDING PANS

TOILET WARE. TOILET WARE.

COFFEE POTS. COFFEE POTS.

SEAMLESS COPPER BOTTOMS

76 JAMES ST 76 JAMES ST.

J. M. WILLIAMS & CO.

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!

25c.—New Dress Goods!—25c.
20c.—New Dress Goods!—20c.

New Black and White Checks. New Black and White Stripes. New Fancy Stripes. New Plain Lustres and Alpacas—in New Shades. New Dark and Light Prints. New White Cottons, Sheetings and Linen Goods.

P. B. BARNARD, ☞ 36 KING STREET WEST, Near the Corner of Macnab Street.
Hamilton, April 20, 1874.

NEW CONFECTIONERY AND CAKE BAKERY!

A. ASHER

BEGS TO INFORM THE CITIZENS OF HAMILTON THAT HE HAS Opened the Shop No. 78 King King Street East, NEAR JOHN STREET, AS A RETAIL CONFECTIONERY AND CAKE BAKERY.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CAKES AND PASTRY. ALL THE Varieties of BUNS, such as BATH, CHELSEA, &c. Also a good Selection of the different FRUITS in their season.

☞ The BREAD and CAKE Business is still carried on at 117 YORK STREET. ☜
Hamilton, April 17, 1874. 90-tf

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

J. F. EGAN & BROTHERS
OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THE WHOLE OF THEIR LARGE STOCK OF

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING
At Wholesale Prices.

As they intend to discontinue keeping Ladies' Underclothing in Stock.

These Goods are the Finest Quality, and made by the Celebrated Manufacturers, Shath, Perrin & Co., London, England.

Call Early, and Secure a BARGAIN in this Line, As the Goods will be Sold CHEAPER THAN THE MATERIAL ALONE CAN BE BOUGHT.

A LINE OF BLACK GROS GRAIN SILKS AT WHOLESALE PRICES.
J. F. EGAN & BROS.
Hamilton, April 17, 1874.

FORBES & RUSSELL
ARE
NOW SHOWING
A COMPLETE STOCK
SPRING & SUMMER DRY GOODS!
Every Department Complete!
SPECIAL SALE OF CARPETS
AND
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS!
AT REDUCED RATES,
STILL GOING ON.
Hamilton, April 16, 1874. 73-2m

NEW SPRING
AND
SUMMER MILLINERY!
☞ NOW SHOWING ☜
AT
MRS. PEENE'S,
13 York Street, near the Market.
Hamilton, April 2, 1874. 73-1m

BANK OF HAMILTON.

DIVIDEND NO. 3.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. for the current half-year, being at the rate of

EIGHT PER CENT. PER ANNUM

Upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its Agencies, on and after MONDAY, the FIRST DAY of JUNE NEXT.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May next, both days inclusive.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House in this city, on TUESDAY, the SIXTEENTH DAY of JUNE NEXT. The chair to be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
H. C. HAMMOND,
Cashier.
Hamilton, April 23rd, 1874. 96-6d.

INMAN LINE.

SATURDAYS' SAILING VIA QUEENSTOWN.

CITY OF BRUSSELS.......Saturday, May 9th.
CITY OF CHESTER.......Saturday, May 16th.
CITY OF RICHMOND.......Saturday, May 23rd.
CITY OF PARIS.......Saturday, May 30th.
CITY OF BROOKLYN.......Saturday, June 6th.
CITY OF BRUSSELS.......Saturday, June 13th.
CITY OF CHESTER.......Saturday, June 20th.

Extra Steamers on Thursdays.
Steerage Rates as low as any Line.
For Plan of Vessels, &c., apply to
GEO. McKEAND, Agent,
71 , James Street.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET, A VERY desirable residence, containing ten rooms and every convenience, with garden and driving house attached; situated one mile east of Ancaster, on the mountain road, and commanding a magnificent view of the surrounding country. The above property will be let either for the summer season or by the year. For terms and particulars apply at No. 14 Hess Street South, or to S. HAMMILL, Ancaster, Ont.
April 17, 1874. 90-12t*

S. J. SOVEREIGN, L. D. S., No. 46 King Street West, eight doors West of Macnab Street, over George Lee's Fruit Store.
Hamilton, April 17, 1874. 90-1y

DENTAL NOTICE.

MR. CRITTENDEN BEGS to give notice that he will be in his office as usual after this date.
Hamilton, June 6, 1873.

J. BOWES, DENTIST Office and residence, No. 15 Main Street West, nearly opposite the Centenary Church.
Hamilton, Dec. 27, 1873. d&w-1y

D. A. BOGART, DENTIST, would intimate to the public that he has procured an apparatus complete, for the manufacture of pure Nitrous Oxide Gas, the administering of which will produce perfect anæsthesia, for the painless extracting of teeth The pure article constantly kept on hand.
Office—Corner John and King Streets.
Hamilton, March 19 1873.

NO. 4 COMPANY. 13TH BATT.

RIFLES NOS. 191, 206, 219, 220, now out of armoury, must be returned immediately; also, all bayonets, belts, and small stores in the possession of members or ex-members.
By order, R. E. SMITH, Sergeant
Hamilton, April 18, 1874. 91-tf

OAK PAPERS
AT
EASTWOOD'S.
☞ JUST RECEIVED SIX BALES ☜
OF
OAK PAPERS
☞ Various Styles and Patterns. ☜
DECORATIONS!
FOR HALLS! PARLORS! AND DINING ROOMS!
In Oak, Marble, Flock, &c, New patterns,
AT EASTWOOD'S.

SILVER-PLATED SPOONS, Forks—best quality and lowest prices.
T. B. STEWARD,
Goldsmiths' Hall,
12 King Street,
Opposite the Large Fountain.

RELIABLE THERMOMETERS, from 50c. to $1.50.
T. B. STEWARD,
Goldsmiths' Hall,
12 King Street.

KITCHEN CLOCKS, OFFICE Calendars, Parlor Time-pieces.
T. B. STEWARD,
Goldsmiths' Hall,
12 King Street.

ELECTRO SILVER-PLATED Cruets and Cake Baskets—new styles.
T. B. STEWARD,
Goldsmiths' Hall,
12 King Street.

GOLDINE PROPELLING PENCILS.
T. B. STEWARD,
Goldsmiths' Hall,
12 King Street.

STAGE LEAVES STONEY CREEK at 7.20 a. m., returning, leaves Victoria Hotel Hamilton, at 10.45 a. m.
☞ Single Fare, 25cts. Fare and Return, 40cts.
E. B. SMITH,
Proprietor,
Hamilton, April 13, 1874. 86-1m

1874. 1874
1874 1874
Russell Watches,
AMERICAN WATCHES!
SWISS WATCHES!
☞ IN GOLD AND SILVER CASES. ☜
Latest Designs
SILVER HUNTING-CASED LEVERS,
From $10.00.
SOLID GOLD JEWELLERY,
Immense and Varied Stock.
Gold Stamped Chains.
CLOCKS SELLING AT COST AT
CAMPBELL'S
Watch and Jewellery Emporium,
57 John St. next door to Rob Roy Hotel.

To Stair Builders.

PARTIES WISHING INSTRUCTION in the art of Hand Railing, in the newest and most approved system, where the actual work is exhibited, should call at No. 57 King William Street
N. B.—Special arrangements made with parties from the country.
Hamilton, April 13, 1874. 86-1m

BANK OF HAMILTON.
Capital Subscribed, $1,000,000
DIRECTORS:
DONALD McINNES, Esq.......PRESIDENT.
JOHN STUART, Esq.......VICE-PRESIDENT.
JAMES TURNER, Esq. | DENNIS MOORE, Esq.
EDW'D GURNEY, Esq. | JACOB HESPELER, Esq.
JOHN PROCTOR, Esq.

LETTERS OF CREDIT
ISSUED,
STERLING EXCHANGE DRAWN
UPON THE
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DRAFTS upon New York, payable in GOLD or CURRENCY issued.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased.
DRAFTS on New York purchased.
INTEREST allowed on deposits of United States Currency.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.
One Dollar and Upwards received, and INTEREST allowed thereon at a rate of
Five per Cent. per Annum,
from date of Deposit to date of withdrawal.
NO NOTICE OF WITHDRAWAL REQUIRED.
☞ Savings Department open on Saturday Evening from 7 to 9 o'clock.
G. C. HAMMOND,
Cashier.
Hamilton March 12, 1874. 1

MILK. - MILK.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING purchased on the mountain a first-class Dairy, is prepared to furnish Pure Country Milk at FIVE CENTS per quart, delivered in any part of the city.
Orders left with Mr. R. Eckerson, confectioner, opposite City Hall, will be promptly attended to.
A. E. BECKETT.
Hamilton, April 17, 1874. 90-tf

CANADIAN NAVIGATION COMPANY!

1874. 1874.

FIRST STEAMER!

ONE OF THE ROYAL MAIL LINE STEAMERS will leave Browne's Wharf, foot of Macnab Street,

On Wednesday, 29th Current,

At 9 a.m., for MONTREAL and Intermediate Ports

All information may be obtained at the Company's Office, Royal Hotel Buildings, James Street.
ARCH. McKEAND, Agent.
Hamilton, April 23, 1874. 95-6m

THROUGH STEAMER
FOR
MONTREAL.
1874 1874
THE PROPELLER
"R. W. STANLY!"
Trowell, Master, will leave the DOMINION WHARF on or about
Monday Evening, 27th inst,
For Montreal,
Calling at PORT HOPE, COBOURG, KINGSTON, GANANOQUE, BROCKVILLE, PRESCOTT, &c.
Through Bills of Lading issued to Liverpool and Gulf Ports.
Apply to T. McILWRAITH,
Commercial Wharf;
OR WYLIE & YOUNG,
☞ Office—Rebecca Street and Dominion Wharf.
Hamilton, April 23, 1874. 95-31

THOUSANDS!
ARE USING
"THE MYRTLE NAVY!"
SMOKING TOBACCO,
And are Satisfied!
Beware of Imitations.
☞ Each Genuine Plug has
T. & B.
Stamped upon it.
Hamilton, April 22, 1874. 43-2m

IT IS A COMMON SAYING that "what everybody says must be true." Well, what does everybody say? They say that
LECKIE'S
PATENT WASHING CRYSTAL
Is the best they ever used; and as there may be somebody who has not tried it yet, they should do so at once, and they will be satisfied that what everybody says is true. It gives the Clothes
A FIRST-CLASS COLOR,
Without injuring them, and saves a great deal of labor and soap. It answers well for both Flannels and Colored Clothes. (See Testimonials.) Their
CRYSTALIZED BLUE
Is fast becoming a general favorite with the public. Both articles can be got from Grocers.
MANUFACTURED BY
LECKIE, LANE & CO.
Factory—Cor. Market and Bay Streets, Hamilton, Ont.
Hamilton, April 23, 1874. 81-tf

LANCEFIELD'S
LENDING LIBRARY.
ONE COMPLETE SET
of the Novels of
MRS. EMMA D. E. N.
SOUTHWORTH.
Comprising 27 distinct volumes, has just been added to this Library. Mrs. Southworth is undoubtedly one of the most popular writers of the present day.
Annual subscriptions, $2.50, $4.00 and $6.00. Quarterly subscription, $1.00.
☞ 6 Market Square.
Hamilton, April 25, 1874.

Great Western Railway
OF CANADA.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE above Company offer for Sale the following
OLD MATERIAL:
300 TONS CHILLED CAR WHEELS.
300 TONS PLATES, BOLTS AND NUTS.
70 TONS WROUGHT LOCOMOTIVE DRIVING WHEELS.
166 TONS SHOP SCRAP.
100 TONS CAST SCRAP IRON.
20 TONS RAIL SLIVERS.

Sealed Tenders, marked "Tender for Old Material," will be received by the undersigned up to 10 o'clock a. m. of THURSDAY, the 7th May, 1874.
The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any bid.
JOSEPH PRICE,
General Manager.
GENERAL OFFICES, Hamilton, April 23, 1874. 24-27-29-1-4-6

1874—SPRING STOCK—1874
OF
ROOM PAPERS.
WE HAVE RECEIVED THE FIRST CONSIGNMENTS OF OUR SPRING STOCK OF ROOM PAPERS, consisting of
10 Bales Oak Papers,
5 Bales Marble Papers,
20 Cases Satin Papers,
Ex Polynesian;
40 Bales Cheap Room Papers,
3 Cases Borders,
Ex Caspian;
20 Cases Paper Window Blinds,
2 Cases Printed Linen Window Shades.
A FULL STOCK ON HAND!
OF
Gold Papers,
Bronze Papers,
Oriental Satin Papers,
(new and beautiful goods,)
Washable Plain Tints,
Gilt and Plain Decorations!
Marble and Oak Decorations,
Gold and Velvet Borders.
DUNCAN, STUART & Co.,
Cor. James and Market Streets.
Hamilton, April 23, 1874.

To My Wife.

I met thee, and I loved thee
For thy brave heart, true and kind,
Thy constancy and tenderness,
Thy gentleness of mind;
Thy eyes' soft-beaming glances,
Thy voice's kindly tone,
So gentle and so winning,
With sweetness all thine own.

I loved thee, and I love thee;
Thy faithfulness and truth
Have cast a golden halo
Of sunshine 'round my youth—
Have cheered me 'neath the troubles
Of years of toil and strife:
I bless thee for thy goodness,
My true and loving wife.

Come, let us stray together,
Forget our toils awhile,
And I shall be a boy again,
And woo my Mary's smile,
Come, let us stray together,
As in the olden days,
When, straying 'neath the twilight,
I listened to thy lays.

Come, sing to me some ditty,
In plaintive voice and low—
Some lay you used to sing me
In the evenings long ago,
When, leaning on my bosom,
At our little cottage-door,
We revelled in the sunshine
Of Love's poetic lore;

Some song you used to sing me;
Some old and stirring lay
Of deeds of deathless glory
In the ages passed away;
Or else some simple ballad,
Some legend old and grand,
Of gentle hearts and loving—
The daughters of our land.

Then vanished years shall come again
With all their fervid train,
And Mem'ry bring before us
Dear bygone scenes again;
The loving friends departed,
The gentle and the brave,
Shall rise in Fancy's vision,
Forgetful of the grave.

And you and I together
Shall through the valley stray,
As happy and as loving
As in the olden day,
When, hopeful, gay and thoughtless,
I trod the green hillside,
In that bright, joyous season
I claimed thee for my bride.

English Items.

A soldier of the 42nd Highlanders has brought home alive three specimens of the tiny poultry of Ashantee.

THE PRESS AND THE GALLERY.—By a new regulation "leader writers" are excluded from the Reporters' Gallery of the House of Commons.

The bones of John Talbot, the great Earl of Shrewsbury in the time of Henry VI. have just been unearthed at Whitchurch in Shropshire. In the skull the rector found three young mice.

The last of the P. and O. steamers has entered Southampton Docks. The utmost they can do for the present is to call off the port for mails and passengers. This is one of the severest blows to its prosperity which Southampton has ever received.

Prince Bismarck is said by those who should know, to be much more ill than is stated, and to have greatly changed in appearance during the last few weeks. The Chancellor of the Empire, who is almost necessary to the country, has, however, hopes of ultimate recovery.

A strange case of robbing the dead has just occurred near Stuttgart. The mausoleum at Rothenburg, which contains the remains of King William of Wurtemberg and Queen Catherine, has been broken open, the gates having been forced by gunpowder; and the thieves have carried off about £20,000 worth of gold and precious stones.

LIBEL.—The editor of a Leamington paper, published in the interests of the Laborers' Union, having libelled a clergyman, after being threatened with an action, offered to retract his words and publish an apology. He was, however, required to pay some small costs and to give £50 to a local charity, and on his refusal the action proceeded to a verdict, which was £100.

SIR GARNET WOLSELEY.—It does not appear to be generally known that Sir Garnet Wolseley has but one eye, having lost the other when a lieutenant in the Crimea, while leading a forlorn hope against Sebastopol. Both he and Sir Archibald Alison, the chief of his staff, were not only in the very hardest of the work in the Russian campaign, but both were severely wounded, Sir Archibald losing his arm in one of the frays.

A serious question is now cropping up—"will the American Whisky War be transferred to London, and when?" Influential publicans are taking measures to provide against such an outburst. It appears to be thought the movement in which the ladies have engaged themselves has been sufficiently vigorous and successful to warrant its transfer to this country, and it is feared by the publicans that an attempt will be made to commence a whisky war in England.

A sharp correspondence is now proceeding between the French Government and ours, respecting the escape of M. Henri Rochefort and the other Communist prisoners. The French Government say that the vessel that picked them up was chartered in England and flew the English flag, and we must surrender Rochefort or be responsible. Our Government writes that the flag was obtained by fraud, and that the ship was equipped in France.

Another Eastern Potentate has just passed through a somewhat severe trial. Several of the Shah's most influential princes have been conspiring against him, and have endeavored to raise the northern provinces of Persia, especially Khorassan, in rebellion. Their designs were discovered in time, and the conspirators have either been banished or confined to fortresses. This is mild punishment for so grievous an offence if the account of it which reaches us from Teheran be correct.

Considerable surprise is felt that no promotion has been awarded to Captain Glover for his bravery in the Ashantee war. He received the thanks of the Houses of Parliament "for his energy and ability," and out of the seven officers named in the resolutions Captain Glover is the only one who has received nothing. Perhaps his honours are being kept until they can be presented to him in person. Capt. Brakenbury's history of the Ashantee war will shortly be published.

It is probable that the Czar will not be our only royal visitor this spring. Alexander is expected here at the beginning of May, and at the end of the same month the Khedive of Egypt is expected in Paris. It is scarcely likely that he will come so far west without extending his visit to this country. England has been to him a very efficient friend in need, and there is no limit to the money which our investors have lent him from time to time. If he wants more money he had better come and show himself.

An incident has just occurred which reflects great credit upon an illustrious French statesman. It is said that M. Guizot has lately learnt that the Emperor Napoleon paid the debts of his son, Guillaume Guizot, and that in consequence of this information he has remitted to the friends of the Imperial party at Chiselhurst 130,000 francs (£5,200), being a repayment of both principal and interest. As the aged French Minister's resources are by no means large this act is all the more worthy of mention.

Miss Dr. Elizabeth Morgan has this week become Mrs. Dr. Elizabeth Morgan-Hoggan. She was married at the Registrar's Office, and then at her own house near Portman Square, according to the rite of the Scotch Kirk. We believe that Mrs. Garrett-Anderson adopted the same course, and in this way avoided the use of the objectionable promise to "obey" which forms part of the English marriage service. Mrs. Morgan-Hoggan's husband is an M. B. of Edinburgh University. Thus the twain are partners in a double sense.

There are still some persons who believe Mr. Stanley's story of his finding of Livingstone, and consider it a fiction, to use no stronger term. Mr. Stanley ought to be able to convince them now, for when he returned from Africa he brought back, as he states, letters from Livingstone's daughters, and papers which were not to be opened until his death or return to Europe. These documents are understood to contain an account of Dr. Livingstone's travels, in his own handwriting. It will now be lawful to brake the seal, and if the documents turn out to be what Mr. Stanley declared them to be, he will be completely justified.

Science seems to be making real progress in England. Formerly Englishmen used to go to Paris in order to study physiology. Now Frenchmen come to London for that purpose. Germany has beaten France out and out in science as well as in war; and our efforts must now be directed to keeping pace with the Teuton rather than with the Gaul. For this object we want some scientific institutions scattered over the country, and now there is a movement in favor of establishing a college at Bristol similar to that very successful institution, Owen's College, Manchester.

One well-known merchant who cried out a good deal when the American panic came, and reduced his business staff at that time, seems to be more flourishing than ever. We refer to Mr. Frederick Lehmann, who stood for the county of Middlesex at the general election, and for the poor satisfaction of finding himself at the bottom of the poll and beaten by two to one, he paid not only his own, but also Lord Enfield's expenses, amounting altogether, it is understood, to five figures. He is now having his house in Berkeley Square fitted up in the most sumptuous manner, and his drawing-room will be one of the handsomest and most luxurious in London.

The new House of Commons is manifesting one virtue. It is an evident believer in early rising. On Thursday night, for instance it had a long paper; but, as if with one consent, they all began to make excuse for not transacting the business which was set down, and in a few minutes the House was "up." It is doubtless cheerful to hear the cry, "Who goes home?" raised in broad daylight; there is danger in this desire to get away from work. If he lets them play too much, Mr. Disraeli may, perhaps, find it difficult to get his Jacks to work by-and-by. This week even the peers who always rise before dinner, have beaten the lower House.

The *Times* has most strangely renewed the exploded theory about exhausting our coal supply, as a reason why we should devote our surplus to paying off the national debt. Now Mr. Robert Hunt has conclusively shown that there is not the smallest practical foundation for this theory, inasmuch as we have coal enough to last us for over 1,000 years. Long before that time we shall probably be independent of coal. At any rate we can hardly be expected to arrange our finances with regard to a contingency which is as far removed from us as the reign of King Alfred is removed behind us. Far more to the point is the *Daily Telegraph's* recommendation to take a penny off the income tax and to abolish the sugar duty.

Irishmen are hoping to have Prince Arthur come and live among them as Viceroy, though the hope seems to rest on somewhat slender foundations. Scotchmen are saying that the Duke of Edinburgh is going to take up his residence in "Caledonia stern and wild." The rumor is that Earl of Breadalbane is going to let his his lovely estate at Taymouth to His Royal Highness, and the rumour seems to have arisen out of the fact that all the game keepers have received notice to leave at Whitsuntide, the idea being that the Duke would re-engage such of them as he liked. It is not quite clear why the young lord of this princely domain should let it. He is but 23, and only three years ago came into his estates, and only two years ago married a daughter of the Duke of Montrose. However, he has other estates in Perthshire and Argyllshire.

One of the last acts which the Duke of Argyll performed as Secretary of State was to write a despatch ordering the new Indian railways to be constructed on the narrow guage—that is to say, a gauge far narrower than that which passes under the name in England. The object is to economise, but the engineers do not at all approve, and they point out that this decision will involve a break of gauge on the most important routes. The Duke was clever enough to mention that his decision was in accordance with that made by the late Lord Mayo, thinking thereby to influence his Conservative successor. But Lord Salisbury is not likely to be governed by the decisions of other Anglo-Indians, however illustrious. The whole matter has been brought before him in the hope of obtaining a reversal of his predecessor's decision, and it is now under consideration.

The lady politicians are taking up the question of marriage with a deceased wife's sister. They are by no means favourable to Sir Thomas Chamber's Bill. They point out that the measure would inflict a distinct injustice on women, inasmuch as while it would allow a widower to marry his sister-in-law, it would not allow a widow to marry her brother-in-law. The circular in which this question is treated, and which bears the name of Lady Anna Gore Langton, sister of the Duke of Buckingham, wisely eschews what Mr. Bright called "ecclesiastical rubbish" on the subject, and points out the inequality we have just named, and also urges that it would be a great pity to abrogate the principle now in force, that when a man and woman marry they adopt each other's relatives, who are equally near whether by affinity or by blood.

Canon Kingsley seems to be enjoying himself in the States. He has been helping Bishop Potter, of New York, at an ordination, and he has been attending Mr. Ward Beecher's church. An American correspondent says that after the sermon the English divine shook hands with the American, but was so affected by the eloquence he had just listened to, that he was at first unable to speak. Afterwards he said to Mr. Beecher's assistant, Mr. Halliday, "With all I have heard and read of Mr. Beecher, I did not dream of anything like this. I never listened to such eloquence; I never heard such a Christian sermon. It is so far beyond our English preachers. He takes such a vast range." It will not be the Canon's fault if Mr. Beecher does not follow the example of Professor Max Muller, and hold forth in the great historical church of the Anglo-Saxon race, Westminster Abbey to wit.

We are sorry to see it stated in a Scotch paper that the Telegraphic service will show a balance on the wrong side. It must not, however, be assumed that the business has fallen off; on the contrary, it has never been so large as it is now. The deficit is rather a matter of account. The accounts have been made up in a new, and it is to be presumed more accurate form; and interest on the capital expended at the rate of 3½ per cent has been charged for the first time. Thus it is not surprising that a loss of six figures should be shown; the amount being, I believe, about £130,000. It is a little unfortunate that this should have occurred just now, as it has probably influenced Lord John Manners in giving his reply to a memorial that only 6d. might be charged in cases where a reply is prepaid and is limited to ten words. The new Postmaster-General says that the services cannot afford it.

A new claimant has appeared—a claimant upon the national exchequer. He is an old gentleman living at Brighton, named Dick. He says that his ancestor Sir William Dick advanced to Charles I. the sum of £52,418 12s. 4d, (it is well to be exact), which was declared by Act of Parliament, *tempore* Charles II., to be a debt due to Sir William by the public, but which was never repaid. His son did obtain a pension £132, which was paid to his successor up to so late a date as 1845, when it was stopped, and has always been refused since. The present representative of Sir William Dick claims also 16,000 acres of land in Nova Scotia. His claims were brought before Parliament several years ago by Messrs White and Moor, then M. P.'s for Brighton, but without result. It seems to be rather a hard case, as Sir William Dick was a banker who advanced the money in order to put down a rebellion in Ireland, and for other public purposes.

One of the most interesting events of the year will be the visit of Francis Joseph to Victor Emmanuel. Who would have thought fifteen or even eight years ago that anybody Austrian would be welcome south of the Alps? Ten years ago the Austrians and Italians refused to sit in the same cafes at Venice. Two years latter the Italian army was beaten at Custozza, and the Italian navy at Lissa. Yet so well have both Sovereigns profited by experience that they are now the best of friends. The King of Italy was enthusiastically received at Vienna last year, and the Emperor of Austria will be as equally well received at Rome. How thoroughly cordial the two Sovereigns are is shown by a recent incident. At Victor Emmanuel's late jubilee celebration a memorial was presented to him from the inhabitants of Trieste praying that they might cease to be Austrian and become Italian. The King tore the memorial up, highly indignant that it should have been presented to him. Before the war of 1866 he would have cherished it. It is scarcely too much to say that no one has more brought about this cordiality than the Pope. All the Powers on the Continent have learnt that they have a common foe in the Roman Church. The Vatican Council, which decreed the infallibility of the Pope, sounded his knell.

One of the most famous of Landseer's pictures was bought many years ago for a comparatively small sum by a gentleman who, on his death, left it, together with a modest fortune, to his daughter. Recently a collector mentioned to a friend his desire to purchase this work, and declared that he was prepared to give "any price" for it. The friend happened to be acquainted also with the owner of the picture, and said: "Well, but what do you mean by any price That is rather indefinite; name a sum, and I will see what I can do." The collector said, "Ten thousand pounds." This offer was taken to the fortunate possessor of the picture, who heard it with glistening eyes and a beaming face, and then replied, "Is it really a *bona fide* offer?" "Perfectly; you will get your check in a day or two if you will accept the terms." She then added, "I am extremely pleased to have had this offer, but I do not mean to part with my picture. I shall, however, enjoy it more than ever."

EXTRAORDINARY BICYCLE RACE.—At six o'clock on Monday morning William Cann, 21 years of age, and H. Wilson, 27 years of age, both of Sheffield, started on a race of 203 miles for £50. Cann was despatched four minutes before his opponent, who failed to be at the Crimean Monument, Sheffield, at the time stated. Shirland was reached at half-past eight o'clock, and at this village Cann lost 50 minutes through a breakage sustained by his machine. Wilson arrived in Derby about half-past ten, and Cann about three-quarters of an hour afterwards. They did not halt at Derby. Cann was accompanied by one or two local velocipedists as far as Burton-on-Trent, where he arrived at five minutes to one—a quarter of an hour later than Wilson. A telegram from Birmingham states that Cann arrived before Wilson, after making up the fifty minutes' delay in repairing his machine. After his arrival he had a wash and refreshments, and started again as fresh as ever, his destination on Monday night being Gloucester. The winner will be the one who first reports himself at the office of the *Western Morning News*, Plymouth. Mr. F. Cooper, the champion bicycle rider, accompanies the competitors.

AN UNEXPECTED COMRADE.—As the Polar bear is frequently found above a hundred miles from the nearest land, upon loose ice steadily drifting into the sea, it seems but fair to assign him a place among the marine animals of the Arctic zone. He hunts by scent, and is constantly running across and against the wind which prevails from the northward, so that the same instinct which directs his search for prey also serves the important purpose of guiding him in the direction of the land and more solid ice. His favourite food is the seal. Sir Francis M'Clintock relates an anecdote of a native of Upernavik who was out one dark winter's day visiting his seal-nets. He found a seal entangled, and whilst kneeling down over it upon the ice to get it clear, he received a slap on the back—from his companion as he supposed; but a second and heavier blow made him look smartly round. He was horror-stricken to see a peculiarly grim old bear instead of his comrade. Without taking further notice of the man, Bruin tore the seal out of the net, and began his supper. He was not interrupted, nor did the man wait to see the meal finished, fearing no doubt that his uninvited and unceremonious guest might keep a corner for him.—*The Polar World.*

ROBBING THE POOR.—Upon the re-election of Mr. Brand as Speaker, Mr. Gladstone dilated upon the advantages of "continuity in the chair." But Mr. Disraeli has carried the principle of continuity much further, and has capped Mr. Gladstone's following of the precedent of 1869 in regard to resignation without meeting Parliament, by the most conspicuous plagiarism of the Royal Message for which Mr. Gladstone was then responsible. On the 16th of February, 1869, the first paragraph of the Royal Message, read by Lord Hatherley, was as follows:—"I recur to your advice at the earliest period permitted by the arrangements consequent on the retirement of the late Administration." Precisely the words which Lord Cairns read on Thursday. In the third paragraph, Lord Hatherley, in 1869 read: "My relations with all foreign Powers continue to be most friendly;" and the very same words occur in the second paragraph of Thursday's speech. In the concluding paragraph of the speech of 1869 we find the expression—"I pray that the Almighty may never cease to guide your deliberations;" which was altered for service on Thursday into "I pray that the Almighty may guide your deliberations." Mr. Disraeli's compliments, in the debate upon the Address, to Mr. Gladstone, were very generous and graceful, but after all there is no flattery equal to that implied by close imitation, and Her Majesty is the only person who has a right to complain if she does not think that very similar circumstances justify her advisers in using old speeches to make new ones.—*Echo.*

* * *

Concerning the steamer L'Amerique, we may safely remark that it is worse to have found her than to have foundered.

In Australia, as in California, gold mines are being discovered almost as rich as those which tempted the pioneers a quarter of a century ago.

Sergeant Bates has again come to the surface, this time in Chicago. He wants some one to bet that he can't go to England and bring over a British soldier who will carry the Union Jack from the Atlantic to the Pacific, while the indomitable sergeant trots beside him with the battle flag of freedom." The St. Paul *Press* cruelly suggests that Bates should shoulder the American emblem of liberty and take a walk into Africa, beginning where Dr. Livingstone left off.

The Rev. H. R. Ware, who is so well known as a writer on antiquities, recently delivered at Rome a lecture on Veii, which he said was the most important city of Etruria, and the rival of Rome; yet in the time of Augustus the city was a desolation, and a century later its site was forgotten. But since the revival of letters it has been constantly sought for, and is now known to be some ten or twelve miles from Rome. Its area was probably equal to that of Athens, which had a circumference of seven miles.

The Roman Catholic Bishop Hendricken, of Rhode Island, has pronounced strongly against the Ancient Order of Hibernians. On St. Patrick's Day the divisions of the order were not allowed in the churches with their regalia on. A Hibernian, who has been interviewed on the subject, says that while the members have signs of recognition the order exacts no such secrecy as that obtaining among Free Masons, and no oath is taken. None but a Roman Catholic Irishman or a son of Irish parents can join the order, which has about 600,000 members. The Providence Hibernians say that if Bishop Hendrichen persists in his course, they will appeal to the Archbishop of New York.

The Detroit *Free Press* has the following on the location of the light ship at Bar Point: A light-ship has been located on the outer shoal at Bar Point, on which there are fourteen feet of water; distant from the point three and one-tenth miles, and bearing south one quarter west, and from Bois Blanc light northwest distant one and a half miles. The color of the lights will be green above a white light, and apart about four feet. A large buoy can and will be located between Bois Blanc light and the Bar Point, on which there is 13½ feet of water, rocky bottom, distant from buoy 3½ miles, and bearing from the light south by west one quarter west. Vessels or steamers can pass to either side of this buoy, keeping within a distance of 200 feet of the same. At the Lime Kiln crossing the ranges are on the main shore, Canada side, consisting of two lights, one of which will be located on the upper side of the railroad ferry, 33 feet high, consisting of red and white light, the red four feet above the white, and also at the Lime Kiln docks three green lights, one above the other, during the night, and a red flag during the day. These latter ranges on the river will be exhibited only when there is a low stage of water or danger is apprehended.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

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TIMES PRINTING COMPANY
Hamilton, Ont.

TELEGRAPHIC.

This Morning's Despatches.

New Daily Paper—Man Shot in a Drunken Fray—Heavy Failures—Fires—Finance Bill—Etc., Etc.

NEW YORK, April 27th.—Weather mild and clear.

A Washington despatch says arrangements are completed here for establishing a new Administration morning daily in New York, and negotiations are now going on with two papers with a view to the purchasing two of them.

Orange Judd, editor of the *Agriculturist* and *Hearth and Home*, is reported to be dying in Italy.

NORFOLK, Va., April 27th.—During a fight yesterday among some intoxicated men and policemen, a young man, named John Gayland, was fatally shot by a man supposed to be Lobias Nottingham, who has fled.

NEW YORK, April 27.—The number of failures in the United States for 1872 were 4,069; total liabilities, $122,056,000. For 1873, 5,183; total liabilities, $228,499,000.

The Fourth New Jersey regimental armory, Jersey City, was burned last night; loss, $10,000.

The *Times* says: Financially we apprehend that it is now too late in the season for serious disturbance as to prices or abundance of money, by political events at Washington. Whatever may be finally agreed upon between Congress and the Executive, or in the possible event of a disagreement on the banking and greenbacks question, the effect will come practically on the fall trade rather than the summer money market.

A Washington special says: Some of the leading Senators who voted for the Senate Finance Bill state that contrary to the general impression it is not their purpose to precipitate the debate upon the veto message. Many inflationists are now willing to take the House Bill and attach to it the farewell amendment, which was before voted down. Grave charges are made against prominent officials here of knowing in advance that the veto was coming, and then telegraphing statements to the contrary to New York to mislead the public and affect the stock market.

This Afternoon's Despatches.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 27th.—The steamer Expositor left yesterday with 75 tons of Government rations for the Louisiana sufferers.

SAVANNAH, April 27th.—It is reported that the lower Chattahoochie river overflowed its entire length, and considerable damage has been done.

WASHINGTON, 10:30 a.m.—Probabilities: For middle States and lower lake region, clear or partly cloudy weather, winds shifting to northeast and southeast and to-night, from West Virginia to lower lakes, probably rain or snow.

MOVILLE, April 27th.—The steamship Assyria, from New York, has arrived.

LONDON, April 27.—The steamship Silesia, which was aground in the Elbe, has been got off and has arrived at Hamburg.

BOSTON, April 27.—The steamer Rhode Island, of Stonington, suffered the loss of a portion of her left wheel-house, in the gale on Saturday night, by a heavy wave; but the passengers had moved from the room before the accident.

PANAMA, April 27.—The discovery of an immense deposit of guano off the coast of South Peru, is confirmed.

The circumstance of the disembarkation of the United States forces during the revolution in Panama, is giving rise to considerable discussion at Bogota, as an offence the national dignity.

MONTREAL, April 27.—The steamship Sarmatian has arrived.

FROM TORONTO.

Assault and Robbery—Embezzlement Case—Mason Again.

TORONTO, April 27.

At a meeting of teachers held on Saturday afternoon, it was resolved to take up a subscription for the purpose of building a monument over the grave of the late Rev. J. Porter, Inspector of City Schools. A deputation was sent to the relatives of the deceased, who acceded to the request to allow the city School teachers to erect a monument.

On Saturday evening a man named Absalom Townsend, while walking along Queen street, near Seaton, about 8 o'clock, he was attacked by four rowdies, who knocked him down and rifled his pockets of all they contained—$2. The ruffians, after leaving Townsend in a half-insensible condition, made off.

The jury on the body of the infant which was found in the back premises of Mr. Booth's residence returned a verdict on Saturday evening that "the child died through the neglect of Lizzie Herbert, a servant girl in Mr. Booth's employ."

James Rodden, son of W. H. Rodden, who was recently in Court in connection with the Wright embezzlement case, was brought up this morning, charged with assaulting Edward Wright, a son of the complainant in a former suit, on John street with a loaded stick, on Saturday. The prisoner was committed for trial.

The Court of Oyer Terminer commences to-morrow morning, when Mrs. Mendon and J. H. Rennie, charged with embezzling the Banner Sewing Machine Company, will be brought up.

A charge against Mason, the notorious whiskey informer, of libelling Jennie Murray, a fast young lady, will also be tried.

FROM MONTREAL.

Hon. Mr. McGreevy—Tariff Resolutions—The Corn Exchange Association—Temperance Sermon—The Sanitary Association—More Snow—Assault, etc.

MONTREAL, April 27.

Hon. Mr. McGreevy, who has successfully negotiated a loan on the London market to ensure the construction of the North Shore Railway, will arrive in Quebec this week, and it is proposed to give him a public reception.

The importers of fancy good met on Saturday and passed resolutions in favor of a uniform tariff of 17½ per cent. on all lines of fancy goods and small wares. A deputation will interview the Government.

The members of the Corn Exchange Association met on Saturday and adopted the proposed amendments to the Inspection Act, with some additions. If these be added to the law, the appointment of inspectors of flour, meal and grains will be vested with the examiners and the Mayor, as has been the case heretofore. It is further recommended that the appointment of the Board of Examiners be made by the Committee of Management of the Association, in lieu of the Board of Trade. The city representatives in the Commons will be requested to bring these matters before the House.

Rev. Mr. Laing, the non-total abstainer, urged in his sermon yesterday a union of all the temperance men, whether total abstainers or not, upon a broad platform, to fight the growing and terrible evil of intemperance.

The Sanitary Association on Saturday condemned the conduct of several of the city physicians in deriding, through the press, the practice of vaccination. It is hoped to secure a measure at the next session of Parliament establishing Boards of Health throughout the Dominion. Drs. Brosse and Panet, who brought the matter before the Commons, were elected honorary members.

Snow fell all yesterday, reaching a depth of six inches.

A number of small crafts were in port yesterday.

The river is free some distance below Sorel, the ice having disappeared with unparalleled rapidity.

The total mortality of the city and environs last week was 104. Interments in the Protestant cemetery 15; the deaths of children numbered 54, of whom eighteen were foundlings.

A man named Bordier was brutally assaulted late on Saturday night in Common street, and robbed. Two of the gang have been arrested.

The Quebec steamers are shortly expected from Sorel.

FROM OTTAWA.

Effort to be made to Censure and Expel Sir John from the Commons for bribing Riel—Ovation to Archbishop Tache—Dawson Road Frauds.

OTTAWA, April 27.

A certain member intends when the report of the Northwest Committee is brought down to move a vote of censure on Sir John Macdonald for his conduct in bribing Riel to flee from justice. This will probable be followed up by a motion of expulsion from Parliament.

Yesterday afternoon considerable excitement was caused by the playing of bands of music and marching of bodies of men *a la militaire* through the city. After inquiring, it was found to be an ovation to Bishop Tache and Father Richot, of Manitoba, by the French Canadians of this city and Hull. Shortly after one o'clock the procession passed along the streets coming from various directions, and concentrated at St. Joseph's College. These, together with those brought to witness the affair, must have at least numbered three thousand people. The fine galleries in rear of the College were draped for the occasion with pieces of scarlet flannel, flags, banners and other insignia, presenting a gay appearance. An address was read to his Grace, by Mr. Higgins. In it were the following passages: It would ill become us to pass over in silence the prominent and important part played by your Grace in connection with the unhappy difficulty which occurred in Manitoba. Promptly and patriotically responding to the call of the Government of the day, you hastened away from the deliberations of that most august assemblage congregated in the Vatican, and sped across a great part of the continent and the wide ocean to restore peace, order and harmony in a disturbed portion of her Majesty's Empire. For the satisfactory and very successful manner in which you accomplished this most important and delicate mission your Grace is justly entitled to the lasting and heartfelt gratitude of every true Canadian as far as our feeble voice can extend. We earnestly deprecate and protest against the false construction placed upon your Grace's action and motives, and those of your estimable friend and co-operator in this good work, Father Richot, by a certain portion of the press of Ontario. The Archbishop, in reply, said: That devotedness to our beloved Sovereign and love of both my native and adopted land led me to take an active part in matters but indirectly connected with the ordinary duties of a pastor. I feel the satisfaction of having acted, to the best of my judgment, the part of a loyal British subject and of a true Canadian, as well as the part of a father to my people. Your express your regret for the attacks of a certain portion of the press against my friend Father Richot and myself. Although we are, personally, very little moved by such attacks, you are nevertheless perfectly right in regretting them, for no matter how much individuals may feel themselves unconcerned by those attacks, such an abuse of the power of the press is, nevertheless, a danger to society. After three cheers for Bishop Tache, and three more each for Father Richot and O'Connor, the meeting was brought to a close by the band playing "God Save the Queen."

The colors of the Foot Guards are to be presented on the 24th of May by the Countess of Dufferin. The Princess of Wales Rifles of Montreal have signified their intention of being present on the occasion.

It is said the contract for running the Dawson Road has been awarded to an Orillia firm, who undertake the work for an annual bonus of $75,000.

In the Public Accounts Committee, to-day Cunningham brought to light frauds to the extent of $50,000, being bogus accounts.

The Northwest Committee is engaged today in revising Bishop Tache's evidence.

The new pastor of the Reformed Episcopal Church, the Rev. Johnson McCormack, of Kentucky, arrived in town yesterday morning, and conducted service in the Court House.

The Evening Times.

MONDAY, APRIL 27, 1874.

The *Globe* of this morning says:—

> In no single instance have they (the Canadian manufacturers) a doubt that if able to compete with the Americans on their own soil, upon equal terms, they would ask for no other protection than their own energy would ensure to them.

We hope that is an indirect intimation that Senator Brown has secured that kind of a reciprocity Treaty that will enable our manufacturers to compete with "the Americans, on their own soil on equal terms." If he has he can take the upper seat in the synagogue—above Sir John, Sir A. T. Galt, Sir Francis and all the rest of that clan.

The members of the Nova Scotia Legislature have a blunt way of saying what they mean. Recently the leader of the Opposition there, Mr. Blanchard, moved a series of resolutions condemning the tariff. They did not find the favor he expected, whereupon he grew indignant and the following lively passage-at-arms ensued between him and the Attorney-General:—

> MR. BLANCHARD said he had not expected this opposition. He thought the House would have passed his resolutions without a dissenting voice. But there was a certain animal in the deserts of Arabia which buried its head in the sand.
>
> HON. ATTY.-GENERAL suggested "bird."
>
> MR. BLANCHARD said that a bird was an animal, and a man was an animal. For that manner the hon. Prov. Secretary was an animal, and he might be a bird, but he had no wings. But there was also another little animal in this country which could not get along very fast. He had never seen but one, and he followed it a little way. He found that the little animal could not get away from him, but that it was too much for him after all, as it so injured his olfactory nerves that he had to clear out himself.

Those illustrations drawn from natural history are neat in their way, but are open to the objection of being somewhat offensive when applied personally.

We see that some sharp retorts made by Mr. Mackenzie and Mr. Blake on Sir John Macdonald are declared by the Tory press to be evidences of brutality and want of refinement. Queer how their opinions alter. When Sir John last fall shook his fist in the Hon. Donald Smith's face, and "be damned" him with the vigor and in the language of a fish-wife, those same journals described it as "the natural indignation of a noble soul,"—or something of that sort. Now, that Sir John is in Opposition, it seems that he is still to be allowed what latitude he likes, nor must any of the common people on the other side come between the wind and his nobility. We fear that all this wrath will be unavailing, and that those rude "Grits" in the Commons will continue to treat Sir John as though he were only an ordinary mortal. If the Tories are very anxious to have the wind tempered to this shorn lamb, they had better take him out of the Commons where such rude blasts blow, and put him in a museum—or in the Senate.

SIR JOHN AND RIEL.

The rumor from Ottawa this afternoon that motions will be moved, first to censure and then to expel Sir John Macdonald from the Commons for having aided, with Government funds, Riel's flight from justice, is as yet only a rumor. But severe though such a motion seems, there is to be said of it that if Riel is unworthy to sit in the Commons because he fled from justice, the *Minister of Justice* who aided his flight cannot be much more worthy.

WHAT RIEL'S FRIENDS SAY.

As a matter of curiosity, those of our readers who have felt strongly in favor of expelling Louis Riel from the House of Commons may be interested in seeing what the French newspapers of Quebec say about his expulsion. It will be seen that the Opposition press take about the same threatening tone that we are accustomed to meet in Ontario Tory journals whenever a measure is carried distasteful to them. The step, however, was not taken without due deliberation as to its legality as well as to its expediency, for the Quebec Liberals were shrewd enough to see the plot of M. Mousseau to gain a political advantage by the introduction of his amnesty amendment. The following extracts, which have been translated for the TIMES, give additional proof that a great part of the agitation about Riel was intended to alienate some of the supporters of the Government. The first one is from the *Constitutional*, of Three Rivers:

"The session of Thursday will remain as "one of the most unfortunate for the French-"Canadian nationality. It is beyond doubt "that the Province of Quebec had taken as "its own the cause of Riel. Nevertheless, "he has been indignantly expelled from the "House, thanks to the fanaticism of the "Upper Canadians and to the cowardice of "our Ministers from Lower Canada."

La Minerve says: "In demanding from "the House the expulsion of M. Riel, Mr. "Bowell involved the Right wing in great "difficulty. It was necessary that they "(the Ministry) should pronounce them-"selves, and it was a question if M. Dorion "would place himself by the side of his "chief, Mr. Mackenzie, and, if assuming "that attitude, he would carry with him "his friends. They knew not what was "agitating the Ministerial herd, but they "were certain that there would be a divi-"sion of some sort. Great was the embar-"rassment at the Right. To divide upon "the first question of discussion was to "commence badly a reign which was never "to end; it was to make an evil use of their "great majority and to give a bad example. "It is true that they could have put them-"selves together again; in that they were "like broken dishes or separations between "married people. But this was only the "first step in the way of trouble; if the "first had cost, the other was to be more "pitiable still, contrary to the general law. "Mr. Holton thought to save the Govern-"ment by presenting an amendment which "would adjourn the motion of expulsion "and would save the Right, but the subse-"quent amendment of M. Mousseau, which "placed the question upon its true founda-"tion by calling for amnesty as a measure "of general interest destined to establish "peace and tranquility everywhere, saw "the patriots of the Right plunged into a "state of pitiable anxiety."

The *Courier du Canada* says: "The "sacrifice is consummated. Riel is no longer "a member. Ontario has said: 'Yield to "our scorn for you, abandon your country-"man, and we will keep you *in power.*' "Those traitors from Quebec have answered: "Let Riel indeed perish, and we keep the "portfolios. And Riel is expelled, and the "National party remain in power, cowardly "slaves of Mackenzie. Let us calculate "what this Judas vote will bear for each of "them; five years of salary and power, and "dishonor forever."

On its side the *Canadien* appreciates in the following manner the events of Thursday: "The Riel question has been decided "as each one expected. Our brave friends, "the *Rouges*, have very squarely voted with "the Grits to have put out of the door of "the House the champion of the rights of "the people of the Northwest. Riel is "driven from the House. A very consider-"able number of French Canadian mem-"bers have refused, by their votes, to advise "to the Government full and entire amnesty "for all those who participated in the "troubles of the Northwest. We assure "those members that we shall recall to "them, at the proper time and place, their "vote upon M. Mousseau's motion. In this "transaction they have disregarded their "duty, to leap like sheep the barrier that "their great chief Grit, Mr. Mackenzie, "had gone over at first. They all jumped "in turn, and none of them touched the "obstacle in clearing it. The members "whose names are seen in large letters are "the best jumpers of the past, present and "future."

La Echo de Levis expresses itself as follows:—"The treason is complete. We "have the last word of patriotism from the "*rouges* of Lower Canada and we know "what the Province of Quebec can expect "from the Mackenzie Ministry. The Gov-"ernment has shamefully sacrificed and "abandoned Riel, and not a French Cana-"dian who was a party to it, dared open "his mouth to defend him. Riel is driven "from the House. * * * " M. Mous-"seau, of Bagot, then submitted an amend-"ment, which went straight and directly to "the point, and forced the Government to "say, or at least to let it be seen, if they "considered the amnesty good in itself; if "so, they had only one thing to do, to vote "for the amendment of M. Mousseau. "Forced to take a position the Govern-"ment did so, and with all the *rouges* of "Lower Canada they have voted against "demanding amnesty from the Imperial Gov-"ernment. M.M. Barthe, Cauchon and Che-"val are the only Ministerial members who "separated themselves from the Govern-"ment."

The *Courrier de St. Hyacinthe* makes the following reflection: "We see now into "what hands we fell some months ago, and "with what spirit the majority of the Gov-"ernment is animated. Both sides of the "House have been made the servile instru-"ments of an abhorred secret society, in "the same places where it had its birth, "whose word of order is to undo religious "and national prejudices. However, the "the Ministry did not lack the means of "having the vote suspended until the House "should be fully capable of judging upon "the report of the Committee appointed in "the beginning of the session to "gather the proofs relative to "what transpired in the pacification "of the Northwest. But the chiefs lightly "followed the herd, some even marked out "the way, and the result was pronounced "conformably to the desires of Mr. Mac-"kenzie. We regret to say that Sir John "A. Macdonald also descended to this un-"worthy concession, to the evil instincts of "the masses, in order to regain his lost "popularity in Upper Canada."

The *Journal de Quebec* speaks as follows:—

"All is accomplished, and this poor Riel "is no longer a member of the House. The "spectacle was sad, since the nationalities "and creeds were, with very few exceptions, "pitched in two separate camps. However, I "am not going to say, for I would not be a true "historian, that this extraordinary note yes-"terday was the true expression of the sen-"timents of the representatives. It was "rather the reflection of irritations and "passions from without, by which the repre-"sentatives felt themselves irresistibly "ruled. If speeches and reasoning had "been able to save the member for Proven-"cher, they were numerous and superb in "favor of his cause. M. Laurier spoke so "well that the strongest men in the House "went and congratulated him. Mr. Mal-"colm Cameron also spoke admirably yes-"terday, and his merit is so much the "greater that his friends warned him of the "danger that his attitude upon this ques-"tion would make to him when running in "his county."

One conclusion is inevitable from these extracts—that is, that the Government has by no means satisfied the demands of Riel and his friends, so that those who have spoken of the treachery of Mackenzie and Blake in this connection must admit that nothing has been done in satisfaction of an improper demand.

MERCANTILE AGENCIES.

The Committee obtained by Mr. Domville on Mercantile Agencies has not yet been successful in obtaining any evidence against them. The main charge which, we assume, it was hoped to substantiate was that they are used for black-mailing purposes. If that cannot be proved there is no case made out against them, for their ordinary routine of business, if fairly and honestly carried out, only expose the financial condition of those whose financial condition is bad, and ought to be exposed to those from whom they seek credit. It is absurd to say that the merchant who, while presenting a fair outside show to the world, is, in truth, an insolvent, should be protected from an inquisition into his real commercial standing by those from whom he is seeking to obtain money or money's worth. That such an inquisition may be annoying and embarrassing to him is quite possible, but it is equally certain that whatever embarrassments may be the necessary result of his concealed insolvency should properly fall upon him, and not upon an innocent creditor. So far, then, as Mercantile Agencies only reveal the truth as to the business standing of those who seek credit from banks, wholesale merchants or manufacturers, and reveal it only to those who have a direct business interest in knowing the truth of the position, it must be held that they serve a good and useful purpose. The evidence, so far, goes to show that this is the simple aim of those associations, and that they seek to carry it out impartially, without fear or favor. Indeed, were they to do otherwise; were they to destroy a perfectly solvent man's credit out of any personal hostility, or uphold the credit of an insolvent out of personal favour, they would not only make themselves liable to direct suits for damages, but would destroy all confidence in their work, and so annihilate their own business. The fact that their is so much confidence felt in their returns is to that extent proof that their work is reasonably well done.

As to the charge of blackmailing, Mr. Wiman, of the firm of Dun, Wiman & Co., whose experience is extensive, gave evidence that he did not know of a single case of it having ever occurred. Mr. Middlemiss, of the firm of Murray, Middlemiss & Co., was equally positive in denying that anything of the kind had ever occurred in connection with his Association; that its officers had ever been influenced by improper motives or had ever received any consideration for their services save the regular and legitimate remuneration.

It is said that other evidence can be brought forward to contravert this. If so of course our conclusions must be changed. But in the meantime, it appears evident that so long as the credit system continues to exist, these mercantile agencies are a necessity, and their abolition would only lead to their being replaced by a private detective system equally inquisitive in its operations, though less correct in its general results.

OTTAWA: FROM THE GALLERIES.

NO. XIII.

French Members in a State of Excitement—Shall Canadian Women Vote—The Election Law—A Lonely Pair of Spectators.

OTTAWA, April 23.

We had a ruction to-night, a real French free fight, which afforded more amusement than any debate that has yet taken place. M. Dorion's Election Bill was under discussion, and M. Pierre Alexis Tremblay, the member for Charlevoix, made a long speech in French. He is a tall, dark-complexioned man, with a most unmusical voice, a Liberal in politics, and he occupies a seat just back of the squad of Ministers. In the course of his remarks, he alluded to the influence of the Price family, whose agents, he said, had kept a returning officer a prisoner for two hours while they ran in what votes they chose at the Chicoutimi election. When he got through, M. Ernest Cimon, the member for Chicoutimi and Saguenay, who was the nominee of the Price lumbering interest, rose in his place and poured forth a burning tirade. He pounded the desk and thundered his wrath directly at the gentleman who had preceded him. Had they been deadly enemies from childhood there could not have been more vim introduced into this reply. M. Cimon's words rolled out in a perfect flood, so fast, indeed, that it would have been difficult to follow him if he had been speaking English. Those who heard that speech will never believe that a Frenchman can be imposed upon. The man spoke with his whole body; every muscle was in motion, and all the members were kept wide awake.

Hon. Peter Mitchell made a comical speech, the best part of which was a joke upon female suffrage. In the afternoon another gentleman had made an earnest plea in favor of the enfranchisement of the women of the country. Mr. Mitchell remarked that his friend had talked as if he wanted to embrace the widows. He was fond of the same pleasant exercise, but the time had not come for it. "When the proper time arrived"—and he was going on with a serious sentence about the provisions of the Bill, when he was interrupted by a loud laugh from those who were on the look-out for fun. Many speakers have "said their pieces" upon this Bill, and the last few of them might have very safely put quotation marks about what they have uttered. Both sides continue to speak favorably of the main provisions of the Bill, though on matters of detail they promise some amendments. Criticism is about ended, and now the speeches abound in kind and friendly suggestions.

Peter Mitchell has dubbed himself the leader of the left centre, and he calls Mills, of Bothwell the philosopher of the House. The trouble with other people is to find how far the left centre extends, and somebody has been cruel enough to say that it is bounded by Peter's cuticle. At least nobody has acknowledged himself a member of the new party. There have been many pathetic descriptions of the feelings of men who had to go "into the cold shades of Opposition." More unpleasant sensations must be experienced by a couple who are occupying a seat in the gallery just behind me. Both were members of the last Parliament, and both can only claim tickets from the gallery now. Their names are Witton, of Hamilton, and Wallace, of Norfolk.

NO. XIV.

A Frenchman who could not find his "little Bill."—A novel way of raising Revenue.—How the business is Proceeding.

OTTAWA, Friday, April 24.

The members of Parliament are always ready to get off a joke at the expense of M. Cauchon. He is rather a comical genius himself, always ready to call others to order, or to take advantage of his neighbours' mistakes. This afternoon he introduced a bill to amend the Railway Act of 1868, and when he moved for the appointment of a day for the second reading, some one raised a question about the changes to be made, which made it necessary to produce the draft of the bill and place it upon the table. M. Cauchon sought for the document in the drawer, while the gentlemen opposite him shouted "Lost!" All the contents of the drawer were turned out, and the poor man inquired savagely, "What is lost?" "The bill, of course," was the answer. Then a brilliant thought suggested itself. Snatching up a piece of paper, the member for Quebec Centre walked to the table and handed it to the Clerk. But his persecutors saw the game, and called "Read!" With the most supreme disgust he took the paper and walked back to his seat. Just then, M. Dorion, who had been all the while engaged in examining the document, returned it to its owner, and relieved his anxiety. The bill was placed upon the table, and M. Cauchon, having ascertained that Mr. Kirkpatrick was the leader of the crusade against him, subsided into his place, vowing that he would pay off "the Frontenac" before many days.

DEAD CHINAMEN.

There is a Committee having daily sittings to determine upon a special tariff for British Columbia. Mr. Bunster, who represents Sir Francis Hincks' old constituency, Vancouver Island, has proposed that an export duty be imposed upon the bodies of Chinamen, who have finished life's battles, and whose friends transport them for burial in the Celestial Kingdom (I mean the one situated in Eastern Asia). Mr. B. represents that the Chinese contribute little or nothing to the revenue, as they subsist upon articles that pay no duty. It is a matter which they religiously attend to, that their deceased friends shall be buried in the land of their birth, and numbers of ships are engaged solely in the trade of carrying corpses from America to China and bringing a return cargo of live Celestials to America. Should the suggestion be adopted, a deficit in the ordinary receipts at the Custom Houses could be remedied at any time by starting a row founded on the Know-nothing cry. The manufacture of corpses for export is one of those industries which would not need Protection.

It is to be feared that there is too much speaking talent in the House. The unwavering desire of many members to hear their own voices is the only thing now retarding business. Committees are getting through a vast amount of work, and their meetings cause the floor of the Commons Chamber to be almost deserted in the early part of each day. You will notice by the report of M. Dorion's speech that the clause in the new Election Bill which abolishes public nominations was inserted mainly on account of riots at various times in the Province of Quebec, and in deference to the example of other nations which have no public nominations.

Items,—Personal, Political and General.

Navigation is open at Montreal.

The Suez Canal difficulty has been adjusted.

The Royal Arch Chapter at Peterboro, has been re-organized.

A bridge at Waterford broke down on Saturday as a team was passing over it.

Two vessels—a barque and a brigantine—have been lost on the coast of Anticosti Island.

The German Riechstag was yesterday prorogued by the Emperor William in person.

It is rumoured in Madrid that the Carlists have besought an amnesty of President Castelar.

The schooner James Scott, which was sunk at Port Burwell a few days ago, has been raised.

The Inflationists are reported to be contemplating a plan to secure their ends in an indirect manner.

A father and his two sons fishing at a lake near Halifax on Friday, broke through the ice and were drowned.

Two railway accidents occurred in England on Saturday, causing death or serious injuries to twenty persons.

The residence of Mr. Sheriff Reynolds, at Whitby, has been purchased for a Ladies' College under the patronage of the Wesleyan Conference.

So great are the fears of strife during the coming Presidential election in Hayti that foreigners are sending their valuables out of the country.

Michael Flinn, who attempted last November to murder his wife, while actuated by feelings of jealousy, was sentenced to death on Saturday by Mr. Justice O'Rielly.

A bill appropriating a million of dollars for the payment of awards for damages to British subjects, arising out of the late war, has passed the United States House of Representatives.

The Council of the International Association in New York has resolved to disband, having come to the conclusion that Communist principles are unacceptable to the American people.

Scissors and Crucible.

We have lots of musical talent in town today.

The City Council meets this evening. Regular business.

Heavy snowstorm on Saturday night. What strange weather we are having.

Rev. Mr. Benson yesterday delivered a very interesting address on Temperance in St. James' Hall. There was a good attendance.

The fifty-fifth anniversary of Oddfellowship will be celebrated this evening at the Mechanics' Hall by a grand concert, and at the Canterbury Hall by a grand ball.

Salmon fly surface fishing closes next Friday.

Speckled trout can't be caught after the 1st of May.

Bass, pickerel and maskinonge fishing commences next Friday.

Snipe shooting must cease after next Friday.

Beaver, muskrat, mink, marten, racoon and otter must not be molested after the 1st of May.

The Townsends have the Mechanics' Hall engaged for next Saturday, Monday and Tuesday.

Lawrence Barrett and Company will be here for two nights, commencing 6th May.

Notwithstanding the generally unfavorable condition of the weather, there is a good deal of boating on the Bay. Were the atmosphere more genial there would be a great deal more of it.

Remember that Mrs. Scott Siddons and Seraphael will be here to-morrow evening.

Read the new advertisements.

Juvenile Missionary Society of the Centenary Church holds a public meeting this evening.

The Royal Mail Line steamers commence running on Wednesday.

The propeller "H. W. Standley" left port to-day for the East.

Beautiful day this. Lovely sunrise this morning—for those who saw it.

CENTENARY CHURCH SABBATH SCHOOL MISSIONARY ANNIVERSARY.—Yesterday the anniversary sermon in connection with the Centenary Church Sabbath School Missionary Society was preached by the Rev. John McColl, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church. The sermon was founded on the words "Behold the Man," and was most eloquent and impressive, and was listened to with the utmost attention by the congregation and the children. There are few who are able to come down to the capacity of children so as to be able to instruct and interest them, but it would appear that Mr. McColl has learned the happy art, if we may judge from the interest manifested in yesterday's discourse. The singing of the children, lead by Mr. Clark, added much to the interest of the service. This evening the missionary anniversary will be held, when addresses will be delivered by several eminent ministers, including Rev. John McColl, of this city, and Rev. Thos. Crosby, of British Columbia. The latter gentleman, we understand, speaks for the last time previous to his departure to his labors among the Indian tribes at Fort Simpson.

PRESENTATION TO BANDMASTER THOMAS KING.—On Friday evening last Mr. Thomas King, the efficient Bandmaster of the Battery Band, was made the recipient of a practical mark of appreciation by the officers and members of the Battery. The Band, as is well known, is in every respect very efficient, and is without doubt, one of the most popular Bands in the city. The success of a Band depends greatly on the bandmaster, who has to keep the band together and superintend every every practice, &c. &c. It is needless to say that Mr. King has always discharged his duties in the most satisfactory manner. The officers, non-commissioned officers and men subscribed a handsome sum of money, and, on the evening mentioned, Captain Smith presented the same to Mr. King, on behalf of the Battery. Mr. King, although taken somewhat by surprised, appeared to appreciate the mark of recognition very highly, and replied in a very feeling manner. He hoped that during the summer the band might attain to a still higher degree of efficiency, and that they may continue to acquit themselves in a manner not only creditable to themselves, but to the Battery as well.

NOT VERY CREDITABLE.—It will be remembered that, during the past winter, among our musical celebrities, Prof. Vardon figured extensively. Some time ago he found he had a mission elsewhere, and quietly left the city, however managing to leave behind him some *souvenirs*, held by persons who did not evidently care much for them. It will be remembered that shortly after the building of St. Andrew's Church, he gave a concert at Canterbury Hall, ostensibly in aid of rebuilding. Concerning the proceeds a goodly number of enquiries have been made, and yesterday Rev. Robert Burnet in his service at the Mechanics' Hall, spoke of this, and said the Professor had never made any returns to him or any body else he knew of. Of course by this there hangs a tale.

RUNAWAY.—This morning a good deal of excitement was created on King street east, near Walnut, by the foolish conduct of a lad who was driving a horse at full run, while he held the lines and followed in the rear. He urged on the steed to such a pace that he was run off his feet and, falling, was dragged some distance through the mud, much to his own terror and the amusement of the usual motley assemblage which on some occasions suddenly seems to start up from somewhere or other.

HAMILTON TALENT ABROAD.—We understand that the singing of a Hamiltonian is creating considerable excitement in Detroit musical circles. We refer to Lieut. Boice, who for several weeks past has been filling engagements there, and still is. He and M'lle. Lami frequently give duetts together. Their efforts are received with much *eclat*.

POSTAGE STAMPS.—Mr. D. McDonald sells postage stamps at his general store, corner of Bay and York streets. This is found to be a great convenience to persons living in that neighborhood. The Post office authorities have further benefitted the residents in that vicinity by affixing a letter-box to the street lamp at the same corner. See advertisement.

RENOVATED.—It will be seen by advertisement that the Station Hotel has been recently renovated and improved by the present proprietor, Mr. Delanty, and that Mr. C. F. Williams is still retained as Manager. People who stay at the above-named house speak well of the accommodation.

Mdlle. Rosa D'Erina arrived in the city this morning. Besides the solos on the programme, she will give performances on the piano and cabinet organ. Don't fail to hear her.

LIFE AMONG THE INDIANS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.—The Rev. Thomas Crosby, who has resided twelve years among various Indian tribes in that country, will speak to-night in the Centenary Church.

BASE BALL.—It is almost needless to say that the Base Ball game which was to have taken place at the Ring at the Palace, on Saturday, did not come off. The weather would not permit it. The Maple Leaf intend to take a practice game shortly.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.—Its climate, its soil, its forests, its various tribes of Indians. Speech of Mr. Crosby at the Centenary Church to-night.

A choir of four hundred children, carefully trained, will lead the singing at the Missionary meeting in the Centenary Church tonight.

The Rev. John McColl, of the Central Presbyterian Church, will speak to-night in the Centenary. Subject—Missions.

Fine Mixed Lawn Grass Seed

SUITABLE FOR LAWNS CROQUET Grounds, Door Yards, &c., at ROBERT EVANS' Seed Store, Market Square. 96-1m

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL servant, to whom the best wages will be paid; must be well recommended. Apply to MRS. CHAMP, No. 4 Cannon street East.
Hamilton, April 27, 1874. 98-3t*

WANTED, BY THE FOURTH of May, a thorough general servant in a small family. Apply at 13 Bold street.
Hamilton, April 27, 1874. 98-tf

UNFURNISHED ROOM WANTED, (large) suitable for bedroom; locality—between the Post Office and G. W. R. Station preferred. State terms per month to C. R. W., office of EVENING TIMES.
Hamilton, April 27, 1874. 98-3.*

LOST, ON SATURDAY, A Large Woollen Shawl. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at 127 Hunter Street East, or at this office.
Hamilton, April 27, 1874. 98-3t*

WANTED, ONE FURNISHED Bedroom, or two bedrooms and one sitting-room; west of James preferred. Apply to X. Y. Z., Post Office.
Hamilton, April 27, 1874. 98-1t*

Card of Thanks.

THE DINNER COMMITTEE OF the St. George's Benevolent Society beg to return thanks to E. R. E. Carpenter, Esq., of the Anglo-American Hotel, for the very able manner in which he catered for our Annual Dinner on the 23rd inst.
Signed, T. G. SPICKETT, Secretary.
Hamilton, April 17, 1874. 98-1t

Notice to the Public.

THE SUBSCRIBER, SINCE THE 23rd of October, 1871, has had a commission from the Government to sell

POSTAGE STAMPS.

He also keeps on hand Envelopes, Note Paper, Pass Books, Ink, Pens, Pencils, and other small wares in the Stationery line, at his general store,

Corner of Bay and York Streets.
D. McDONALD.
Hamilton, April 27, 1874. 98-3t*

Fort William, Duluth and Fort Garry.

BEATTY'S SARNIA AND LAKE SUPERIOR ROYAL MAIL LINE.

COMPOSED OF THE MAGNIFICENT First-class, Full-powered Steamers,

MANITOBA, ONTARIO AND QUEBEC.

In connection with the Great Western and Grand Grand Trunk Railways; leaving Sarnia every Tuesday and Friday.

The STEAMER MANITOBA will leave Sarnia at 10 p. m. on Tuesday, May 5th, (weather permitting) for Fort William and Duluth, calling at all intermediate places. Freight and Passage to FORT GARRY at Reduced Rates. For further information apply at the offices of the Great Western and Grand Trunk Railways, or to
J. & H. BEATTY, Thorold and Toronto.
CHAS. E. MORGAN, No. 11 James St., Ticket Agent for Hamilton.
98-4m

Early Rose Potatoes

AT ROBERT EVANS' SEED STORE. 96-1m

THE CABLE SHIRT FACTORY!
No. 2 GEORGE STREET,
NEAR CORNER BAY STREET, HAMILTON.

HAVING ESTABLISHED A Factory, complete in all its departments, for the manufacture of all kinds of

Gents' Shirts, Collars and Cuffs
for the Trade,

We have, after numerous solicitations from our Friends, concluded to devote a few of our Machines and best operatives to making the above articles to order. In fit, workmanship and materials, we guarantee perfect satisfaction.

Any one leaving their orders at the Factory shall receive our best attention.
GEO. D. HAWKINS & Co.
Hamilton, April 27, 1874. 98-tf

Peerless Potatoes,

AND PEACH-BLOW POTATOES at ROBERT EVAN'S Seed Store.
Hamilton, April 27, 1874. 98-1m

Buntin, Gillies & Co.,
WHOLESALE STATIONERY,
PAPER AND ENVELOPE MANUFACTURERS,
23 KING STREET, HAMILTON, O.

IN STORE AND FOR SALE:

1000 Gross	Illustrated Dominion Copy Books in Foolscap, Small and Large Post.
25 Tons	Straw Wrapping, of the following weights: 7lbs, 10lbs, 12lbs, 16lbs, 20lbs, 30lbs, 40lbs, 50lbs and 60lbs.
25 Tons	Best Rag Wrapping, all weights and sizes.
25 Tons	Best Brown Wrapping, all weights and sizes.
15 Tons	Manilla Wrapping, all weights and sizes.
10 Tons	Tea Paper, Gray and White, all weights and sizes.
25 Tons	Straw Board, from No. 20 to 100 sheets to the bundle.
6 Tons	Gray and Colored Twines.
1000 Reams	Paper Bags in Browns, Manilla and Tea sizes, from a ¼lb to 25lbs.
100 Cases	School Slates, round corners, sizes from 4x6 to 9x13.
3000 Gross	Gillies' Series of Steel Pens. The material is of the best composition, thus assuring excellence and long wear.
300 Gross	Buntin, Gillies & Co's. Dominion Series of Pencils. The quality is warranted equal to any Pencils known to the trade.

Specimen Cards of the above series of Pens and Pencils will be sent on application.
Hamilton, April 27, 1874. eod 98-14

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Five more Live Agents Wanted, to whom exclusive territory will be given, and big pay.

Address J. DONOHOE, Box 398, Hamilton P. O., General Agent for Western Ontario.
Hamilton, March 5, 1874. 54-3m-d&w11

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!

A VERY LARGE STOCK
IN ALL
THE NEW MATERIALS AND STYLES!
Call and See them—they are Very Cheap.
JAMES ROBERTSON,
20 King Street
HAMILTON, April 27, 1874. 98-tf

Amusements.

MECHANICS' HALL.
Tuesday, April 28th, 1874.
READINGS
BY
MRS. SCOTT SIDDONS,
Who is accompanied by
THE WONDERFUL BOY PIANIST,
"SERAPHAEL!"

Pupil of Sir Sterndale Bennett, Musical Doctor D. T. L.; and Prof. J. B. Jewson;
Admitted by special consent of the Directors of the R. A. M. a student of 7 years (instead of 12)
"Highly Commended,"—Porter Exhibition, 1871.
Bronze Medalist, 1872.
Silver Medalist, 1873.
ROYAL ACADEMY OF MUSIC, LONDON.
Performed by special command before their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, April 5th, 1873.

Reserved Seats, 75c.; Family Circle, 50c.; Parquette, 25c.
PLAN AT GROSSMAN'S.
Hamilton, April 21, 1874. 93-tf

MECHANICS' HALL!
Friday, May 1st, 1874.
Tom Taylor's Sensational Drama of the
TICKET OF LEAVE MAN!
and the farce of
Nan the Good for Nothing,
by the
THESPIAN ASSOCIATION!
Consisting of
MRS. W. N. DREW,
T. A. Tarrant, Mr. Dump Spohn, Mr. W. Cole, Mr. T. K Wynn, Mr. Geo. Lucas, Mr. W. N. Drew and others, assisted by,
THE OLD HAMILTON FAVORITE!
MR. ALLAN HALFORD!
(By the kind permission of F. A. Tannihill, Esq.)
and
MISS EMMA HALL!
(Late of the Holman Opera Troupe.)

Opera Chairs, 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents Parquette, 25 cents.
Seats can be secured at Grossman's Music Store, on and after Thursday, April 23rd.
Hamilton, April 20, 1874. 96-21

CHURCH OF ST. THOMAS.
A
CONVERSAZIONE!
WITH
MUSIC! READINGS!
AND REFRESHMENT TABLE!
Will be held in the School Room, on THURSDAY Evening Next, 30th inst., at 8 o'clock.
Admission 25c.; payable at Door. Refreshments extra.
Hamilton, April 25, 1872. 97-td

CENTENARY CHURCH.
JUVENILE MISSIONARY ANNIVERSARY.
PNBLIC ANNIVERSARY MEETING
THIS (MONDAY) EVENING, 27th Inst.
ADDRESSES
BY
REVS. JOHN McCOLL,
and THOS. SAUNDERS,
Of this city; and the
REV. MR. CROSBY,
A returned Missionary from British Columbia.
SINGING BY 400 CHILDREN
of the School, under the leadership of Mr. Thos. Clark.
Chair taken at 7.30.
Hamilton, April 24, 1874. 96-3t

Choice Flower Seeds

AT ROBERT EVANS' SEED STORE, MARKET SQUARE. 96-1m

$5 REWARD.—STOLEN, FROM my premises, on Saturday evening last, Eight Spanish Fowls. The above reward will be paid on the apprehension of the thief or thieves.
JAMES MATHEWS, Victoria Avenue South.
Hamilton, April 27, 1874. 98-3t*

The only Reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.
$60,000.00
In Valuable Gifts!
To be distributed in
L. D. SINE'S
167th Regular Monthly
GIFT ENTERPRISE!
To be drawn MONDAY, June 8th, 1874.
TWO GRAND CAPITALS OF
$5,000 each in Greenbacks!
Two Prizes $1000 }
Five Prizes $500 } EACH IN Greenbacks.
Ten Prizes $100 }
1 Horse and Buggy, with silver-mounted Harness,—worth $600.
One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth $550.
Ten Family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each.
Five Gold Watches and Chains, worth $300 each.
Five Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.
Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth $100 each.
800 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all) worth from $20 to $300 each.
Gold Chains, Silver Ware, Jewellery, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts 6,500. Tickets limited to 60,000.
Agents Wanted to Sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five $20.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed
MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86,
101 W. Fifth St. CINCINNATI, O.

Wants

PAINTERS WANTED. APPLY to MATHEWS & Co., Market Street.
Hamilton, April 27, 1874. 98-3t*

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL Servant in a small family. Best of references required. Work light. Apply to MR. BRIERLY, Druggist.
Hamilton, April 27, 1874. 98-3t*

WANTED, BY A YOUNG Englishman, a situation as coachman, and to look after a small garden; is willing to make himself generally useful. Address G. MORSE, Post Office.
Hamilton, April 27, 1874. 98-3t*

WANTED TO RENT, A BEDROOM, either furnished or unfurnished, without board; in the eastern part of the city preferred. Address L. A. B. TIMES Office.
Hamilton, April 25, 1874. 97-3t*

WANTED, A LABORING MAN; also a teamster. None but steady men need apply. Apply to ALEX. FORBES, corner of Barton and Wellington Streets.
Hamilton, April 24, 1864. 96-6t*

WANTED, 2 COAT MAKERS. Apply to P. CRILLY, 75 James Street North.
Hamilton, April 24, 1874. 96-tf

SITUATION AS PORTER WANTED—grocery store preferred—by a young man. References can be given if required. Apply at this office.
Hamilton, April 24, 1874. 96-3t*

LADY CANVASSERS WANTED to canvass for applications for Life Assurance. Apply at the Offices of the National Life Insurance Company, corner of King and James Streets.
Hamilton, April 24, 1874. 96-tf

COACHMAN WANTED; ONE thoroughly acquainted with care of horses, and willing to make himself generally useful. References required. Apply at this office.
Hamilton, April 24, 1874. 96-3t

WANTED, A SITUATION BY an experienced book-keeper; grocery preferred would make himself generally useful. Apply to "Book keeper," TIMES Office.
Hamilton, April 23, 1874. 95-6t*

WANTED, BY THE NATIONAL Life Insurance Company, an active energetic man to act as agent for this city. Apply to LIVINGSTON, MOORE & Co., General Agents for Canada, Corner of King and James Streets.
Hamilton, April 22, 1874. 94-tf

WANTED, A GOOD COOK. References required. Apply to Mrs. McNIDER, Bank of Montreal.
Hamilton, April 18, 1874. 91-tf

WANTED, BY THE FIRST OF September, a House of eight or nine apartments; one with a little ground preferred. Apply to Post Office Drawer No. 12.
Hamilton, April 11, 1874. 85-tf

SERVANTS' REGISTRY.—SERVANTS of all kinds will receive places, free of charge, by applying to EDWARD BEATT'S Registry Office, No. 192 King Street West. Ladies requiring Servants will please call.
Hamilton, March 25, 1874. 71-1y

To Rent.

TO LET, A BRICK HOUSE, with one acre of land attached. On the premises is a fowl-house, capable of roosting 2,000 fowls, situated on the mountain, near Bees' Corners. Rent $80 a year. Apply on the premises, or at 35 Cherry Street, Hamilton.
Hamilton, April 24, 1874. 96-6t

TO RENT, A STONE HOUSE, No. 48 Catharine Street North. Apply to F. EGENER, 110 King Street East.
Hamilton, April 24, 1874. 96-3t

TO RENT, FOR A TERM OF five years, ten or twenty acres of good land; suitable for a market garden. Situated opposite the residence of J. J. Bowman, Esq., Dundas Road, within a mile of the city limits. Dwelling house will be erected if required.
JOHN GARRETT & Co.
Hamilton, April 23, 1874. 96-tf

OFFICES TO RENT.—THOSE Eligible Offices in the Canada Life Assurance Company's Building, at present occupied by the Royal Canadian Bank. Possession 15th June next.
A. G. RAMSAY, Managing Director.
Hamilton, April 22, 1874. 94-tf

FURNISHED OFFICE TO LET, in joint occupation with the present owner, and in one of the best business localities in the city; a shipper or accountant preferred as a tenant. Apply by letter to Box 55, Hamilton Post Office.
Hamilton, April 17, 1874. 90-tf

STORAGE.—THE WAREHOUSE owned by the undersigned, on Charles Street, is to let for the summer months. Apply to
THOMAS LAWRY, James Street Market.
Hamilton, April 13, 1874. 86-tf

TO RENT, A WELL-FURNISHED Sitting-room and one or two Bed-rooms, in a private house pleasantly located, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Apply at this office.
Hamilton, Jan. 21, 1874. 17-tf

For Sale.

FOR SALE, 130,000 DEFACED Postage Stamps, made up in packages of 100. The whole to be sold cheap. Apply to Box No. 345, Hamilton Post Office.
Hamilton, April 25, 1874. 97-3t

FOR SALE, THE STOCK AND Fixtures of a Grocery Store, doing a good business. Satisfactory reasons for selling. Apply at 122 King Street West.
Hamilton, April 9, 1874. 83-6w*

Horses for Sale.

ONE TEAM OF DARK BROWN Mares, 15 hands, good roadster, 5 years old.
1 Team (Gelding and Mare) Dark Bays, 15 hands, 8 years old.
1 Pony, Dark Brown, very gentle.
ASHBAUGH'S Boarding and Sale Stables, No. 2 Maiden Lane West.
Hamilton, April 15, 1874. 89-1y

Lands for Sale.

FIFTEEN ACRES ON MAIN ST. East, fronting on the gravel road. Three lots (of 5 acres each), near the Delta. Thirty acres fronting on the macadamized road near Stoney Creek. A Farm of one hundred acres on the mountain, near the city. Terms easy.
R. R. WADDELL.
Hamilton, March 18, 1874. 66-tf

For Sale,

THAT LARGE CUT-STONE House, with brick stable and coach house in the rear, situate on the corner of Merrick and Park streets. The above has a frontage of about 105 feet on Park, and about 154 on Merrick. For further particulars, apply to JOHN BARRY, Barrister, &c.
Hamilton, Oct. 15, 1873. 243-tf

Fresh Garden Seeds

AT ROBERT EVANS' SEED Store Market Square. 96-1m

REGISTRY OFFICE FOR SERVANTS, at MR. HOWARD'S Fancy Store, 106 James Street North.
Hamilton, April 25, 1874. 97-6t

MAITLAND FISHER, TEA AND General Broker. Agent for McDonald's Tobacco. OFFICE:—15 James Street South.
Hamilton, April 24, 1874. 96-tf

EGGS FOR HATCHING.—EGGS from First-class Strains of Light and Dark Brahmas, and Partridge Cochins for Sale. Apply at 19 Barton Street East.
Hamilton, April 14, 1874. 87-2w*

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the matter of SMITH BROS., *Insolvents.*

A FIRST DIVIDEND SHEET has been prepared, open to objection until MONDAY, the Eleventh day of May next, after which Dividend will be paid.
J. J. MASON, Assignee
Hamilton, April 23, 1874. 96-12t

Vegetable Seeds.

BEET, CABBAGE, ONIONS, LETTUCE, Radish, Turnip, Cucumber, Melon, Cauliflower, &c., &c. at ROBERT EVANS' Seed Store, Market Square. 96-1m

NOTICE.

All subscribers in arrears for subscription to the EVENING TIMES up to Saturday, the 11th inst., will please pay the same to the Collector at once, as the Administratrix of the Estate of C. E. Stewart & Co. desires to close the accounts.

Travellers' Memoranda.

GREAT WESTERN R.—MAIN LINE.

Going West.

Morning Express	9.00 a.m
Accommodation to Harrisburg	1.45 p.m
Pacific Express (Sundays included)	2.45 p.m
Accommodation	6.00 p.m
Steamboat Express (Saturdays excepted)	11.35 p.m
Chicago Express	3 10 a.m

Going East.

Accommodation	9.10 a.m
Atlantic Express (Sundays included)	11.25 a.m
Day Express	3.25 p.m
Detroit Express	6.25 p.m
New York Express	2.15 a.m

TORONTO BRANCH.

	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Leave Hamilton	6.30	9.10	11.30	2.40	6.10	9.00
Leave Toronto	7.00	9.40	12.40	3.30	6.55	7.30

WELLINGTON, GREY & BRUCE DIVISION.

Going West.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Leave Harrisburg	10.05	10.15	4.00	8.00
Arrives at Southampton				6.10

Going East.

	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Leave Southampton			6.30	P.M.
Arrives at Harrisburg	8.0	3.15	2.20	6.15

BRANTFORD BRANCH.

Going West.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Leave Harrisburg	10.20	3.46	7.00	8.00
Arrives at Brantford	10.45	4.25	7.30	8.30

Going East.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Leave Brantford	7.30	9.20	1.50	5.45
Arrives at Harrisburg	8.00	9.45	2.20	6.15

HAMILTON & LAKE ERIE R. R.

	A.M.	P.M.
Hamilton Depart	9.10	4.25
" Arrive	11.10	7.30

STAGES

For Dundas and Guelph.—Leave American Hotel at 10.30 a. m.

For Caledonia and Port Dover.—Leave American Hotel at 10.00 a.m.

For Dundas.—Leave American Hotel at noon.

For Ancaster.—Leave American Hotel at 10.30 a.m. and 4.30 p.m.

POLICE COURT.

HIS WORSHIP THE POLICE MAGISTRATE PRESIDING.

MONDAY, April 27.

There was the usual miscellaneous gathering at the lower tribunal this morning, and although the cases were numerous none of them were of more than ordinary importance.

LARCENY.

William Danchy was charged with the larceny of a coat. It was taken from Mr. Crooche's house, on Friday last, and it was alleged that defendant was the only person who had left the premises since. There was no evidence against Danchy, so he was dismissed.

John Johnston appropriated a wheelbarrow belonging to George Heilig. The case was proven, and prisoner was sent to gaol for one month.

DRUNKS.

Thomas Pearce, for being drunk on Saturday, was fined $1.

James Munro, at 8 o'clock, was on the corner of Maiden Lane and Bay streets, so much under the influence of the ardent that a hand cart had to be procured. Fined $5, or 40 days.

Thomas McKenna was charged with being drunk and disorderly in his own house on Saturday. Constable Thompson said that loud cries of "murder!" were heard proceeding from the house on Caroline street, and when the officers entered McKenna and his wife were found upon the floor fighting. There is no doubt upon the minds of those who know the couple that the woman is the worst of the two. Case remains over.

John Anderson's spree cost him $10 and $2 costs.

ASSAULTS.

John Casey and William Moore had assaulted Mary Simms and her husband. The affair was a family quarrel. Defendants were fined $20 and costs, and were bound over to keep the peace.

John Johnstone, (colored) for assaulting his wife, was fined $5 with costs.

Edward O'Brien and Catherine Higgins, between them, managed to blacken Mary A. King's optics and otherwise abuse her. Fined $5 each.

OBSCENE LANGUAGE.

Mrs. Kelkhorst had used bad language towards Mrs. Lentz. These parties are now becoming rather used to the Police Court, and always create considerable amusement. Fined $1.

I. O. O. F. GRAND CONCERT.—It is useless, we suppose, to tell our readers that the Independent Order of Oddfellows of the city, will, this evening at the Mechanics' Hall, celebrate the fifty-fifth anniversary of the establishment of their Order. Nor is it necessary to tell them that one of the most select vocal and instrumental programmes ever offered will be presented at the concert. It is doubtful if so much talent ever congregated on any occasion before in Hamilton, and therefore, the great demand for tickets, which is being made, can be accounted for. There are the Messrs. Tandy Bros. from Kingston; Mlle. Rosa D'Erina, Bro. Fricker, Miss Barr, Miss Watterworth, Mr. Crabb, Miss Ecclestone, Mrs. Carpenter and Bro. E. Wellinug. Each of these will sing his or her best songs, and those who hear them will enjoy a treat seldom had in Hamilton. Professor Devine will preside at the piano. The String Band of the 13th Battalion will form the orchestra. After the concert there will be a grand ball at the Canterbury Hall. All those from a distance who are to take part in the concert are in town, so that the entire programme will be carried out. We are requested to state that no *encores* will be allowed, as the list of pieces is already long enough to carry the audience into the late hours of the evening. Elegant programmes have been provided for the ball.

SNOW STORM.—Though the weather nowadays does not pull the same way two days together and often makes decided changes in as many hours, yet few were prepared for the really furious snow storm that followed several hours pelting rain on Saturday evening. By midnight, rain having fallen the entire time, too, there was an inch in depth of the nasty, sticky, cold and clammy beautiful, and the streets were as deserted as if no human being lived within the corporation. Walking was something abominable and few tried it. Such weather is unseasonable. Last year not a flake of snow fell during the spring, after the 1st of April.

BUTTERINE, OR ARTIFICIAL BUTTER.—On Thursday, we had an opportunity of testing the merits of a sample of the above article, which had been forwarded from New York to a gentleman of this city. The butterine (about two pounds, we should judge) was contained in a small tin pail. Neither in color nor odor was it dissimilar to No. 1 dairy butter, and in flavor—the great desideratum—it was equal, if not superior, to nine-tenths of the genuine article. Although manufactured entirely from animal fats—clarified and purified, of course, to the highest degree—yet not the faintest taste or *feel* (if one may be allowed the expression) of any oleaginous substance could be detected. A number of gentlemen, whose skill as butter-tasters cannot be impugned, spoke very favorably of the article; and the writer (himself a connoisseur in butter matters) pronounced the article under notice fully equal to the genuine butter which has been selling in this city for some time past at 35 cents per pound. We learn that the butterine is sold in New York at 20 cents per tin; and we are further advised that the gentleman to whom the article was sent is seriously considering the advisability of entering into its manufacture in this city next winter.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—The attention of our readers is called to the advertisement of Messrs. Alanson & Hilton, who will to-morrow sell by auction the whole of the household effects of Mr. W. Birkett, who is removing to England, at his residence, 66 James street south. The furniture is all of the very best and in first-rate order. Sale commences at half-past ten sharp.

PERSONAL.—We are sure that the first official act of the new Bishop of Hamilton, as such, will give pleasure to all our readers, but especially to those who worship at St. Mary's Cathedral, he being best known to them, that is the appointment of Right Rev. Father Heenan, to the same office he held under Bishop Farrell, that of Vicar-General of the Diocese of Hamilton, for which he is eminently qualified, and for whom his people entertain a feeling of the liveliest affection.

SCOTT SIDDONS AND SERAPHAEL.—In Mechanics' Hall to-morrow evening. The price of admission to this popular entertainment is within the reach of all. Reserved seats, 75c; gallery, 50c; parquette, 25c. Plan and tickets at Grossman's.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS.

Procession to Church Yesterday—An Immense Turn-out—Fine Appearance—Sketch of the Sermon, &c.

Pursuant to announcement, the members of the I. O. O. F. turned out in a body yesterday afternoon, and attended the Central Presbyterian Church to hear the anniversary sermon preached by the Rev. Bro. William Stephenson, pastor of the John street Wesleyan Church.

The members of "Unity," "Victoria" and "Crescent" Lodges met at "Unity's" new Hall, King street west, and, clothed in proper regalia, formed in procession according to their rank in the Order, and marched down to "Excelsior's" Hall, between James and Hughson street, where they were joined by the members of "Excelsior" and the "Encampment" in full regalia. The procession then moved along King to John, west on Main to James, up James to Maiden Lane, and to the church. There could not have been less than four hundred and fifty Odd-Fellows in the procession, and their splendid appearance was the subject of remark amongst the hundreds of spectators who lined the streets along which they passed to and from the church.

Captain Carter performed the duties of Grand Marshal to the procession in an admirable manner, and was assisted by one from each of the Lodges. Arriving at the church, the ranks opened and the members passed through in the following order: "Encampment," "Excelsior," "Unity," "Victoria" and "Crescent."

On entering, the Oddfellows took seats, and occupying the central portion of the Church, presented a striking *coup d' œil* as seen from the gallery. The rest of the spacious edifice was occupied by a very large congregation.

The Rev. Mr. McColl, pastor of the Church, opened the services by reading the lesson from the Gospel. The Rev. Mr. Smith, of St. Paul's, engaged in prayer.

The Rev. W. Stephenson, of John street W. M. Church, preached an eloquent and appropriate sermon. He chose as his text John XIII., 34: "A new commandment I give unto you, that ye also love one another; as I have loved, that ye also love one another." We can only present a brief sketch of the admirable discourse, rich in thought, chaste in diction, and eloquent in utterance which he delivered. In introducing his subject he said: "Everything above, beneath and around us is exponent of a certain definable central energy. All sciences, all philosophies proclaim the centre whence they evolve. As is the mind such is the thinking—the dark darkly thinking, the sound thinking soundly. Behind the wrappings and drapery of all mental and moral phenomena there lies a certain imperial autocratic something—baptize it by what name you may—which asserts its authority and power throughout its realm, itself one and distinct, indivisable and absolute. The simple in the complex distinguishes and constitutes essential greatness, and without it we desiderate greatness. It is mightiest in the mightiest, and its exuberance or deficiency, either as a constituent of being or an attribute of character, establishes the relative magnitude of whatever is. These elements belong more particularly to God than to any other, and hence he is high over all. In his essentiality he is one; in his personality three, and, therefore, he is simple and complex. The Trinity in Unity embraces more of simplicity in complexity than any other dogmatic announcement in the sphere of ideas. The oneness of the Divine nature, in virtue of which the infinite is simple, yields his oneness also to his varied and manifold manifestations, so that although we behold in his character adversity of perfection, that character nevertheless partakes of the essential simplicity upon which it rests. Not only does this marvellous complexity derive simplicity from the completeness out of which the qualities of the Divine character arise, but an essential unity is thus bestowed upon the entire fasiculus of his attributes. In studying the Divine nature we find this element of simplicity in complexity in an infinite degree."

The reverend gentleman proceeded to show that Love was the pith and centre of the moral universe—that nothing was great or potent which did not recognize it. This was the new commandment embracive of the whole decalogue. This was the summation of duty; this was the very core and kernel—all else was but the husk and shell. Love was the whole of which all philosophies were but a part. Intellect was noble, but divorced from heart, it was like the cold and glittering moon—light shining on an ice-bound lake. Intellect might kindle thought, but happiness was of the heart, not of the head. Whatever developes love, is of God. If Freemasonry dries a tear, which would not otherwise be dried, let me, he exclaimed, be a Freemason. If Oddfellowship removes a pang which would not otherwise be removed, let me be an Oddfellow—make me anything that will make another happier than before. If he who makes a blade of grass grow where none grew before, is, as has been said, a benefactor of his kind, he who removes a sorrow, who makes a gladness grow in the desert world, has within him the seed principle of a divine life. Love never failed to benefit and bless, and never can. If we will carry out the principle of love, exclaimed the preacher in eloquent peroration, we must be Odd-fellows—we must be singular and stand out from humanity, which, alas! has fallen into the grooves and ruts of selfishness. Yet such manifestation of love must forever challenge the admiration of every unwarped human heart. There was no pride in Christ's love. In teaching he meant all that he said. So the Odd-fellow vows never to belittle or slander, but rather to defend and succor the absent or maligned. Christ kissed humanity, though branded with shame, into loveliness and beauty. So Oddfellows should be true to God as to their fellow men. Odd-fellowship means—the supremacy of all that is noble and pure—to love one another even as Christ loved us.

The sermon was listened to throughout with rapt attention, and evidently produced a profound impression on the large audience. The friends of the Boy's Home must have been greatly benefitted by the liberal collection which was taken up.

After the closing exercises, which were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Smith, the procession was reformed and took up the same line of march back to their respective lodge rooms.

We cannot close this report without referring to the excellent services rendered by the choir of the Church, assisted by the young ladies who are to take part at the Concert this evening. To them and John Crerar, Esq., who led the choral exercises in a very able manner, the thanks of the brotherhood are due.

We congratulate the Oddfellows of Hamilton on the fine appearance they made yesterday, and hope the same prosperity which has attended them in the past, will continue in the future.

PERSONAL.—Yesterday forenoon Mr. James Kilgour, of Messrs. J. & R. Kilgour, King street, returned home from his European tour, having arrived in New York on Friday afternoon by the steamer California. He reports a rough passage home. We understand that he was present at the review by Her Majesty of the Ashantee forces at Windsor. The spectacle was a brilliant one.

PERSONAL.—The Canada Sewing Machine Company have opened an office in Toronto for the sale of their Webster machine. Mr. George Nunn will take charge, and a better selection could not have been made, as he is an active agent, and thoroughly acquainted with the territory surrounding the Queen City.

THE COUNTY ATTORNEYSHIP.—With the decease of the late Mr. Freeman, the office of Clerk of the Peace for the County of Wentworth became vacant. Mr. Duff, Mr. Freeman's partner, was requested by the Government to act in the *interim*, which must ensue before a permanent appointment could be made, and that gentleman is doing so.

MENDELSSOHN SOCIETY'S REHEARSAL.—We are requested to state that the usual meeting for practice this week will be held on Thursday evening, the 30th instant, instead of to-night.

PERSONAL.—We regret to hear that Rev. S. Williamson is still ill from the effects of a very bad cold. He has been unable to occupy his pulpit for a couple of weeks, but is, we understand, in a fair way for an early recovery.

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400 CHILDREN.—Those who attend the meeting at the Centenary Church this evening, of the Juvenile Missionary Society, will hear singing by 400 children, all well trained. There will also be good addresses.

PERSONAL.—Hon. Adam Crooks, Provincial Treasurer, passed through Hamilton this morning *en route* for Toronto.

Eastwood & Co. have the Young Ladies' Journal for May, containing a large number of Fashion Plates, extra supplements, &c.

ST. MARY'S CATHEDRAL.

Pastoral Letter.

Yesterday at 10.30 a. m., St. Mary's Cathedral was crowded to the very doors. Though this large building is well filled at all morning services, the greater crush yesterday is attributed to the fact that it was generally understood that the new Bishop who was to be present, would either preach or address the congregation. In this the people were not disappointed. During the service His Lordship the Right Reverend Bishop of Hamilton occupied the Throne, which had been vacant for so long. Grand Mass was celebrated by the Right Reverend Vicar-General Heenan. The choir was present in full strength, and sang with success Haydn's Mass in C (No. 2.) His Lordship having addressed from the sanctuary a few remarks to the congregation, and having spoken in reference to the event which had called him to Hamilton, and having thanked the people for their kind welcome, ascended the pulpit and delivered a discourse founded upon the Pastoral Letter, which it is customary to address the Diocese with upon such occasions as his consecration. This letter had been read earlier in the morning at the St. Patrick's Chapel, and was at the Cathedral also partially read. The following is the full text:

PASTORAL LETTER.

PETER FRANCIS, BY THE GRACE OF GOD, and appointment of the Holy See, Bishop of Hamilton.

To the Clergy, Religious Communities and Laity of our Diocese, Grace and Peace from God our Father and from our Lord Jesus Christ:—

DEARLY BELOVED BRETHREN:—

Having been appointed by the Holy Father, the Supreme Head of the Church on earth, to the onerous office of the Episcopate, it becomes our duty to address you, as your Chief Pastor. We undertake this new burthen with fear and trembling, knowing well its numerous duties and grave responsibilities, and fully conscious of our own inability for so great a charge. But it has not been our choosing. To do the holy will of God is our sole object; and this divine will we can only discover by listening to the advice and obeying the commands of those placed over us. Our great consolation, in undertaking this serious charge, comes from the fact that God often makes use of the weak instruments of this world to do His holy work. God acts through His agents; and the greatest mind and most profound intellect, unaided by Him, can do nothing. In the formation of His Church, that glorious and imperishable work, He chose twelve men, poor and illiterate, who, in all human calculation, were most unfitted for the object in view; and who, having spent three years in the school of Christ Himself, were still found with selfish and contracted ideas. But the moment the Spirit of God descends, they become fully qualified for the great and glorious work of the world's conversion. It was God who operated in them—not Nature, but Grace. "*Ye have not chosen me, but "I have chosen you, and have appointed "you, that you go and bring forth fruit, "and your fruit shall remain."—John XV., 16.*

Such has been the history of God's Church from the beginning; for St. Paul tells us that the foolish things of this world hath God chosen, to confound the wise, and the weak to confound the strong, that no flesh may glory in his sight. So, of all that has been done great and glorious for religion, in the Old and in the New Law, in the Synagogue and in the Church—to God alone belongs the glory. God, who desires our salvation, has made known His divine will to Man from the beginning. Our first parents, while they obeyed the commands of God, enjoyed the great privilege of conversing with Him; the earth spontaneously produced its fruits, and peace and joy were Man's portion. But the moment he disobeyed the Divine Precept, that moment he lost the friendship of his Creator, and forfeited that rich inheritance which he could never recover, if left to himself. Man disobeyed, but God's infinite mercy far surpassed Man's disobedience. When expelled from Eden, he was promised that a Redeemer would come, Who would atone to the injured justice of God for the evil committed, and recover the forfeited inheritance. This was the fond and cherished hope of many generations; for four thousand years of sin and misery, it shone over this world of darkness like the morning star, denoting the coming Sun of the Eternal Justice, Who was to enlighten and bless the world by His presence. God requires from us unswerving belief in all revealed truth, and a faithful compliance with His commands; this comprises our entire duty, and on this depends our eternal salvation. We are not left in doubt concerning what we are to believe, for God provides a Teacher. In the Old Law, the patriarchs and prophets were inspired to make known God's will to Man; and Moses, when commissioned to free the Israelites from Egyptian bondage, was strenghtened by miracles to establish and enforce his Divine Commission. And when God gave the Law on Mount Sinai, amid thunder and lightning, He called to Himself His servant Moses, to whom He imparted the written testimony of His Will; and by the authority of Moses, Aaron was raised to the Priesthood, which was to remain in his family till the coming of the Messiah; and through the order of the Aaronic Priesthood, the Law and Will of God were made known to the children of Israel. From this Chair of Authority, the people of God were taught; the Priests were the commissioned teachers, and the authorized expounders of God's Law. The legitimacy of that authority was never questioned, and through it God's Will was made known; and in the days of our Lord and Saviour, we hear Him commanding the people to obey the Priests, who sat in the Chair of Moses, as being the only divinely appointed expounders of the Law and the Prophets. But the Priesthood of Aaron passed away, and in its stead the Priesthood of Christ was established; for our Blessed Lord was not a Priest of the Order of Aaron but of the Order of Melchisedech. "The Lord has sworn, and He will not repent; "Thou art a Priest forever, according to the Order of Melchisedech." The Priesthood of Christ was to remain till the end of time. Its holy and solemn office was to continue that tremendous sacrifice once offered on Calvary, which fulfilled all the types and figures of the Old Law, gave infinite satisfaction to the injured justice of God, and threw open Heaven to a redeemed world. "For "in every place, from the rising of the Sun, "till the going down of the same, there is "offered to My Name a clean obligation, a "holy sacrifice; for great is my Name among "the Gentiles."—Malachy. Our Divine Lord established His Church, in which He instituted the Sacraments, the means of Grace, and the channels through which His merits are applied to our souls. By this Church, the world was to be taught all saving truth; and all generations to the end of time, were here to learn the Law and the Prophets; were here to learn the will of God: for through the Priesthood the infallible voice of God was to be heard. With us, the Church is an organic body, having its own divine life, which it imparts to its members. It is the Mystical Body of Christ, and the Soul of that Body is the Holy Ghost; and consequently, the faith and doctrine of that Church are divine, for they proceed from a Divine Person. The Church is in Christ, and Christ is in the Church;—nothing less than the Eternal Son dwelling on earth and teaching men; and, this being so, it necessarily follows that any appeal from the faith and the doctrine of the Church, is an appeal from God to the individual; from the Infallible Voice of God to the weak and fallible voice of Man;—two judges, God on one side and Man on the other. Divine Revelation, whether written or unwritten, is of no value unless interpreted by the Spirit that gave it;—fallible reason cannot sit in judgment upon God's infallible decrees—the stream cannot rise above its source. Now, if it can be seen that the Church is the Mystical Body of Christ, and that the Holy Ghost is the Soul of that Body, it decides all controversy;—it precludes all further investigation; for then the Living Voice of the Church is the Living Voice of God, which all are bound to hear and obey. All this is sustained by Divine Revelation and the teaching of the Universal Church, from the beginning. Here are the solemn words of our Divine Lord: "I will ask the "Father, and he shall give you another "Paraclete, the Spirit of Truth, that He "may abide with you forever; the Spirit of "Truth, Whom the world cannot receive, "because it seeth him not, nor knoweth "Him; but you shall know Him, because "he shall abide with you, and in you. The "Paraclete, the Holy Ghost, Whom the "Father will send in My Name, He will "teach you all things, and bring all things "to your mind, whatsoever I shall have "said to you. It is expedient for you that "I go, for if I go not, the Paraclete will not "come; but if I go, I will send him to you. "When He, the Spirit of Truth, is come, "He will teach you all truth, for He shall "not speak of Himself, but what things soever He shall hear, He shall speak, and "the things that are to come, He will show "you. All things whatsoever the Father "hath are mine; therefore I said He shall "receive of mine and show it to you."—St. John, xiv., xv.

The foregoing are the solemn promises of God, the Eternal Son; they were solemnly fulfilled on the Day of Pentecost, ten days after the Lord's Ascension, when the Holy Ghost descended personally on the Church, the Body of Christ to remain therein forever. The Holy Ghost was not given to the Church, depending on the will of Man, but absolutely depending on the Divine Will of God. The Church is the Body of Christ, and the Holy Ghost is the Soul of that Body, and they are inseparably united. Now, this is the point ever to be remembered, that the Holy Ghost descended on the Church by the will of God the Father and Son, to teach Her all truth, and to remain with Her forever. Her voice, therefore, is the Voice of God, from which there is no appeal. "It is not you who speak, but I "speak in you." The same doctrine is taught by St. Paul. He calls the Church "one "body and one spirit, as you are called in "one hope of your calling. One Lord, "one faith, one baptism. One God "and Father of all Who is above, "and through all and in us all." And again he says, "He gave some to be "apostles, prophets, doctors and pastors, "&c. For as in one body we have many "members, but all have not the same office, "so we being many are one body in Christ. "You are members of the Body of Christ, "and in one Spirit you were all baptized; "whether Jews or Gentiles, bondmen or "free, the same Spirit worketh in all." From the above you can see how clearly he teaches this doctrine; that as in the body we have many members, and only one soul that governs all, so we are many members forming with Christ His Mystical Body, and the one Spirit animates all. And this has been the doctrine of the Universal Church from the beginning. The Fathers of the Church ought to be of great authority with us; for they are the faithful witnesses of her teaching in their day. Some of them were taught by the Apostles themselves. St. Irenæus, a disciple of Polycarp, who was a disciple of St. John the Evangelist, speaking of the Church, says: "Where "the Church is, there is the Spirit of God; "and where the Spirit of God is, there is "the Church and all grace. Those who are "not nurtured at the breast of the mother, "which is the Church, have not the Holy "Spirit." St. Augustine, on the same subject, says:—"What the soul is to the "body of a man, the Holy Ghost is to the "Body of Christ, which is the Church." Elsewhere he remarks, that when a member of the human body is amputated, the soul does not follow the severed part; so, in like manner, the Holy Ghost does not follow the Christian who has been separated from the Church, the Mystical Body of Christ. Such, beloved brethren, is the teaching of our Holy Mother the Church; when we hear her voice announcing the truths of Salvation, we hear the Voice of God, for She is His Spouse and representative in this world. But it is not enough for Salvation to be members of the Church, although without being such, we can have no hope of Salvation, for St. Paul expressly tells us that "without faith it is impossible to please God." St. James tells us that, "As the body without the soul is dead, so also faith without good works is dead;" and our blessed Lord declares that, "It is not he who says, 'Lord, Lord,' shall enter the Kingdom of Heaven, but he who does the will of My Father, Who is in Heaven." And again, "He who would enter into life must keep the Commandments." So faith and good works are indispensible for salvation. Faith is the foundation on which we must build our spiritual edifice, if we hope to reach God and be saved; and the sole end of all the teaching of the Patriarchs and Prophets, of the Apostles and Confessors, is to lead Man to God; for this alone we were created and redeemed, and whatever draws us from it is an evil to be avoided. Let us then, dearly beloved brethren, exhibit in our lives the sanctity of our faith by the purity of our morals. Let us confound the enemies of our Church by showing in our daily acts the salutary effects of her teaching. It is thus, and only thus, that we can please God, and aid our Holy Mother the Church in these evil days of her affliction; now, when wicked men are leagued together for her destruction, her faithful children should unite in prayer, beseeching God to scatter these enemies and bring them to repentance, that peace and order may again be restored to the world.

Dearly beloved brethren, if God spare us, it will be our pleasing duty to visit the Missions of the Diocese this year, and to labor with our beloved priests for your spiritual welfare.

As the first act of our administration, we appoint with pleasure the Very Rev. Father Heenan our Vicar-General. This good priest deserves well this mark of our confidence for the services he rendered our predecessor, the late and much lamented Bishop Farrell.

Place your trust in God, and in the infinite merits of His Beloved Son; stand perfect in every good work, walk as children of light; let your "good example so shine before men, that they may glorify your Father who is in Heaven." Peace unto you, brethren, and charity with faith from God the Father and the Lord Jesus Christ and the Holy Ghost.—Amen.

This Pastoral shall be read in all Churches and Communities of the Diocese on the first Sunday after its reception.

Given at Stratford, on the 19th day of April, 1874, Feast of the Holy Family.

†PETER FRANCIS,
Bishop of Hamilton.

MEETING OF CREDITORS.—On Saturday afternoon there was a large meeting at the Court House of the creditors of Mr. J. C. McCarty, His Honor the County Judge presiding. Statements of the condition of the estate were submitted by Mr. J. J. Mason, Interim Assignee. Mr. Mason was appointed Assignee, and Mr. Lockie, Canadian Bank of Commerce, and Mr. Burns, Royal Canadian Bank, and Mr. Robert Thompson, of Cummingsville, Inspectors. It was resolved to sell the estate, real and personal, by auction.

"STATE LINE," New York to Glasgow, —via Belfast.

S S. "VIRGINIA," SATURDAY, May 2nd, 1874
CHAS. E. MORGAN, Agent, 11 James Street.

BIRTHS.

In this city, on the 26th inst., the wife of ARCHIBALD COUTTS of a son.

In this city, on the 25th inst., the wife of MR. JOSEPH PAQUIN of a daughter.

DEATHS.

In this city, on the 27th inst., LAVINIA ADELAIDE FLORENCE, third daughter of Thomas P. Baine, aged 7 years, 5 months and 7 days.

Funeral will leave her father's residence, 33 Napier Street, on Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. 95-2t* m&w

Financial.

STINSON'S BANK.

(Established 1847.)

HAMILTON, April 27, 1874.

Greenbacks and New York Exchange buying from 88 to 88½; Selling at 89 to 89½.

Gold opened in New York at 112½; closed at —.

Sterling Exchange, $4.87 to—

Investments and sales of Canadian Debentures and Bank Stocks effected.

BANK STOCKS.

	Buyers		Sellers
Bank of Montreal	196½	197	
Merchants' Bank	113½	114½	"
Commerce	126	126½	"
Ontario	109½	109½	"
Toronto	202	203½	"
Royal	101½	101½	"
Hamilton	95	97	"

Investments and sales of Securities effected. 5-20 U. S. Bonds can be obtained at a small advance on New York rate.

STINSON'S BANK.

STOCK MARKET—Reported by BAKER & HERBERT, Bankers and Stock Brokers, 72 James street North (next Post Office), Hamilton, Ont. (3 P. M., April 27, 1874).

STOCKS.	Am't Shares.	Divid'd	Sellers per $100	Buyers per $100
Bank of Montreal	$200	16	197	196½
Bank of Toronto	100	12	203½	202
Ontario Bank	40	8	109½	109½
Merchants' Bank	100	8	114½	113½
Bank of Commerce	50	8	126½	126
Bank of Hamilton	100	8	[illegible]	95½
Royal Canadian Bank	40	8	101½	101
Bank of B. N. America	250	10		140
Dominion Bank	50	8	109	107
Molson's Bank	50	8		110
Exchange Bank	100	8	102½	102
Metropolitan Bank	100	8	102½	101½
Quebec Bank	100			109
Mechanics' Bank	50			
City Bank	100	6	103	102
Canada Perm't Build. So.	50	11		157
Freehold " " "	100	10		132
West. Canada " " "	50	10		131
Union " " "	50	10	114	111
Huron & Erie "	50	10		
Provincial	100	9		96
Imperial	50	8		135
Farm. & Me. "	25	8		102½
Building & Loan Society	25	8	109½	109
Hamilton Prov. & Loan So	100	8	102½	102½
Canada Landed Credit Co.	25	8		104
Montreal Telegraph Co.	40	10	187½	187½
Dominion Telegraph Co.	50	7	102	101
Canada Life Assurance Co.				
Graphic Printing Co.	100			
Detroit Car Loan Co.	25	12	90	
S A. Silver Mining Co.	25	per		
Cornish Silver Mining Co.	20			

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, April 27.

W. U. Tel., 72½; Am. Ex., 62½; P. Mail, 43¾; N. Y. C., 97; Erie, 37; Mariposa, 12½; Panama, 105½; Union Pacific, 27½; N. W., 54½; do pref., 71; R. I., 93½; St. Paul, 36½; do pref., 61½; Wabash, 41½; B M & R, 1¾; O. & M., 25¾; St. Joe, 29; do pref. —.

GOLD—114.

COTTON—Market dull at 17c. for middling uplands.

FLOUR—Market quiet and demand limited. Receipts, 14,000 bushels; sales, 11,000 bushels. Quotations unchanged.

RYE FLOUR—Firm. Sales at the following prices: $4.90 to $5.90.

WHEAT—Market quiet and steady. Receipts, 73,000 bushels; sales, 41,000, at $1.52 to $1 53 for No. 2 Chicago; $1.62 to — for No. 2 Milwaukee.

RYE—Market quiet. Receipts, —. Sales, 8,000 bushels.

CORN—In moderate demand, and without decided change. Receipts, 70,000 bushels. Sales, 16,000 bushels, at 85c to 88c. for new western mixed afloat.

BARLEY—Dull and heavy. Receipts, 1,000; sales, none.

OATS—Quiet. Receipts, 17,000 bushels. Sales, 27,000 bushels, at 61c to 63c for mixed western; 63c to 66c for white do.

PORK—Firm; at $17.65 to $17 for new mess.

LARD—Market quiet, at 10½c for steam, and 9¾c to 10c for kettle rendered.

BUTTER—Steady, at 27c to 25c for State and Pennsylvania.

CHEESE—At 11c to 16½c for common to prime.

PETROLEUM—Crude at 7c to 7½c; refined at 15c¾.

LONDON, 12.30 p.m.

U. S. bonds, 7; 5, 108½; Erie, 33½; A., ½.

LIVERPOOL, 12.30 p.m.

COTTON—Active and firm. Uplands, 8½c to 8¾c; Orleans, 8½c to 8¾. Sales, 120,000 lbs., including 4,000 speculator and export.

MONTREAL, April 20.

FLOUR—Receipts 2,900 brls. No change to note in asking rates, but prices are nominal in absence of any but the merest retail transactions; 150 brls. superior extra noted at $6.60. 100 bbls. oatmeal taken at $5.35.

GRAIN—No sales to note. Views of buyers and sellers are apart.

PROVISIONS—Unchanged.

ASHES—Dull, but rates nominally unchanged.

Special Notices.

Read Thomas C. Watkins' advertisement.

St. Anne, Bout de l'Isle.

"I WAS FOR SEVERAL YEARS suffering from Cough, Expectoration and Night sweats, attended with extreme nervous and physical prostration. My body was greatly emaciated, and the general impression was that I had not long to live. I began taking DR. WHEELER'S COMPOUND ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA, and improvement took place immediately. I gained in weight and strength. My Cough and my Night Sweats disappeared, and I am now in the enjoyment of excellent health. Many of my friends to whom I have recommended the Elixir have experienced equally remarkable results."

W. W. SIMPSON,
Agent, G. T. R.

ANCHOR LINE.

SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK TO GLASGOW.

ANGLIA, April 25th .... Direct.
CALIFORNIA, April 28th, via Londonderry.
CASTALIA, April 30th, " Queenstown.
AUSTRALIA, May 2nd .... Direct.
ETHIOPIA, May 5th .... via Londonderry.
ITALIA, May 7th .... " Queenstown.
UTOPIA, May 9th .... Direct.
VICTORIA, May 12th .... " Londonderry.
CALEDONIA, May 14th .... " Queenstown.
MACEDONIA, May 16th .... Direct.
ELYSIA, May 19th .... " Londonderry.

Excursion Tickets issued at a great reduction.
For Particulars, apply to
GEO. McKEAND, Agent,
James Street.

TO BE LET, FURNISHED, FOR one year from the 1st July, a commodious house in the best part of the city, with stable and coach house. Rent moderate, to a careful tenant. Apply at this Office.

Hamilton, April 4, 1874. 73-estf

THE CREDITORS OF MARY HOWARD, late of the Township of Barton, in the County of Wentworth, who died in or about the month of February, A. D. 1874, are, on or before the fifteenth day of May, 1874, to send by post (prepaid) to Robert D. Bensley and John A. Neff, of the said Township of Barton, in the County of Wentworth, the Executors of the last Will and Testament of the said Mary Howard, deceased, or to John Barry, of the City of Hamilton, their Solicitor, their christian and surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof, they will be excluded from any benefit in the personal estate of the said Mary Howard, deceased, and the Executors will, after the said date, proceed to distribute the Estate of the said deceased.

Dated this 7th day of April, A. D. 1874.

ROBERT D. BENSLEY,
JOHN A. NEFF,
Executors.

oaw-81-4td*

BAND CONCERT

ST. JAMES' HALL.

THE BRASS BAND
OF THE
YOUNG MEN'S IMPROVEMENT SOCIETY
WILL GIVE A
Musical Entertainment!!!

In the above Hall,
ON THURSDAY EVENING, 30TH INSTANT.

The Committee have spared no pains in selecting Readings, Dialogues and Recitations.

MISS SARAH BRUMBLY, (only 11 years old,) will give some of her choice selections on the piano, kindly loaned for the occasion by Mr. Grossman. Tickets can be had from the members of the Band and at the door. Doors open at 7; commence at 8 o'clock.

Admission 25 cents.

JOSIAH HALL, Manager.

Hamilton, April 27, 1874. 98-31

HAMILTON IRON WORKS,
REBECCA STREET.

Established 1851.

REID & BARR,
Manufacturers of
STATIONARY AND PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS.

SAW MILL MACHINERY, SHAFTING, PULLEYS AND HANGERS, STUMP AND JACK SCREWS, AND ALL KINDS OF IRON WORK GENERALLY.

Repairing promptly attended to.

PRICES LOW AND TERMS EASY.

On hand and in course of construction—30, 25, 20, 15, 10, and 4-horse power engines.

Hamilton, March 5, 1874. ttho 30 3m

AUCTION SALE
OF
CITY LOTS!
BY
ALANSON & HILTON.

Old Race Course
PROPERTY!

THE SUBSCRIBERS WILL SELL by Public Auction,

ON THE GROUNDS,

ON SATURDAY, 2ND MAY NEXT,

AT TWO O'CLOCK,

140 CITY LOTS!

SITUATED AS FOLLOWS:

20 Lots........on......Robert Street.
18 Lots........on......Duke Street.
10 Lots........on......Maple Street.
14 Lots........on......Herkimer Street
25 Lots........on......Markland Street
32 Lots........on......South Street.
11 Lots........on......Garth Street.
2 Lots........on......Locke Street.

Plans of the whole property can be had on application to the Auctioneers.

Terms—one-third cash; remainder in two equal annual payments, with interest at six per cent. A deposit of ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid to the Auctioneers at time of sale.

Sale to Commence at 2 o'clock, on the Ground.

This Property was only laid out into lots in May last, and up to the present time 210 lots have been sold; 30 houses have been built, two (2) miles of side walk have been laid down and four miles of trees planted, and an easy and direct approach has been made from King and Main Streets up Locke Street.

When the Street Railway is opened, which will be by the 1st July, residents in this part of the city will be able to reach the Market and Post Office in about 10 minutes.

ALANSON & HILTON,
Auctioneers.

Hamilton, April 14, 1874. eod 87-td

THE "RIGHT HOUSE."

GREAT EXCITEMENT HAS BEEN CREATED AMONG THE Ladies of Hamilton, and the surrounding country this Spring, on account of the extraordinary good value they get at the Right House, in Dry Goods of every kind; Millinery both new and fashionable in every style; Mantles, Jackets, Cmaroons and Crossovers, in Cashmere, Silk and Cloth, of the very newest designs and latest fashions. Shawls, both Scotch and French, in Lace, Berege, Cashmere, &c. Dress Goods in great variety of material, style and pattern, so exceedingly cheap and beautiful, that over FIVE HUNDRED DRESSES HAVE BEEN SOLD IN LESS THAN A MONTH. Silks in glace, gros, and gros de Suisse, in black and colors, which are sold by the dress as low as wholesale houses sell other merchants by the piece. Beautiful Japanese silks in great variety from twenty-five cents up. Ladies and Misses under-clothing of every kind, cheaper than the cloth can be bought and the articles made up. Milliners' and dress makers' trimmings at wholesale prices. Real and Yako Laces in black, white, and colors, extra low. Kid gloves both black and colored, in Ladies', Misses', and Gents', of Josephine and other makes, direct from Rouillon's celebrated manufactory, at Grenoble, which are sold at wholesale prices by the pair. Ladies' Costumes in the very newest styles, at about half the usual prices. Horrockses 32 and 36 inch cottons at ten cents and a York shilling. Carpets, Damask, Repes, Floor and Table Oil Cloths, far below usual prices. Lace Curtains fifteen per cent less than last season. Pillow Cottons, Sheetings, Tickings, Denims, Gambroons, Flannels, Grey Cottons, &c., &c., at prices that will surprise those who have not bought them at the Right House before. A large lot of beautiful Scotch Tweeds are offered by the yard at wholesale prices.

No. 10 JAMES STREET, NEAR KING STREET.

THOMAS C. WATKINS.

HAMILTON, April 28, 1874.

DAVID McLELLAN & CO.,
53 King Street West, Hamilton,
INVITE INSPECTION TO THEIR NEW STYLES!
IN

LINEN HAIR BRAIDS! JUTE HAIR BRAIDS! CHINESE HAIR BRAIDS! SWITCHES AND CHIGNONS!	BELTS AND BACK COMBS! CIRCULAR COMBS! HOOP SKIRTS & BUSTLES! DRESS SLIDES!

Gents' Furnishings in Great Variety.

Hamilton, April 21, 1874. 27-42

1874.—SPRING—1874.

RECEIVED AT THE
GLASGOW HOUSE

A WELL-ASSORTED SPRING STOCK, COMPRISING THE NEWEST MATERIALS AND CHOICEST PATTERNS!

NEW COATINGS!
NEW TROWSERINGS!
NEW VESTINGS!
NEW SUITINGS!

We would also call attention to our Ready-Made Clothing Department! in which will be found the CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT ever offered in the city.

YOUTHS' and BOYS' CLOTHING beautifully made and trimmed, and cheaper than the material can be bought elsewhere.

The ORDER DEPARTMENT is under the supervision of an experienced Cutter. All orders executed in a superior style. GENTS' FURNISHINGS of every description.

Glasgow House—76 King Street West.

Hamilton, April 20, 1874. 93-101

T. H. BARTINDALE & CO.
ARE SHOWING
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT
OF
NEW SPRING DRY GOODS
AND
WOULD DIRECT SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THEIR

BLACK & COLORED SILKS!

Fancy Dress Goods, Hosiery and Gloves, &c.

THE MILLINERY, MANTLE & COSTUME DEPARTMENTS
ARE NOW OPEN AND CONTAIN
ALL THE NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON!

T. H. BARTINDALE & CO.

N. B.—WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A SPECIAL LOT OF TABLE NAPKINS MUCH BELOW THEIR VALUE. ALSO, A NUMBER OF 12.4 WHITE MARSEILLES QUILTS (SOILED) AT HALF THEIR USUAL PRICE.

Hamilton, April 23, 1874.

JUST RECEIVED!
AT THE
DOMINION
SHIRT FACTORY
THREE CASES
NEW ZEPHYR SHIRTING.

Four Cases New Oxford Shirting,
Three Cases New Regatta Shirting,
Three Bales Horrockses M. 2.

S. G. TREBLE—Sign of the GOLDEN SHIRT—8 KING STREET EAST.

Hamilton, April 25, 1874. 85-6m

WATCHES AND JEWELLERY. WATCHES AND JEWELLERY.

Large New Stock. Call and Examine!

5 JAMES STREET—THOMAS LEES—5 JAMES STREET.

Hamilton, April 25, 1874.

SHADE TREES.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED to deliver any quantity of Maple Shade Trees, at 12½c. each. Address, WILLIAM THOMPSON Box 53, Waterdown.

April 25, 1874. 97-6t*

STRAYED.—CAME INTO THE premises of the subscriber, Margaret Street, about two months ago a sow pig. The owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses.

EDWARD GORNAR.

Hamilton, April 24, 1874. 96-3t*

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the matter of JOHN A. LAWRENCE, *Druggist, an Insolvent.*

THE INSOLVENT HAS MADE an assignment of his Estate to me, and the Creditors are notified to meet at my Office, James Street, Hamilton, on MONDAY, the Fourth day of May next, at Three o'clock afternoon, to receive statements of his affairs and appoint an Assignee.

J. J. MASON,
Interim Assignee.

Hamilton, April 16, 1874. 90-121

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the matter of J. C. McCARTY, *an Insolvent.*

I, THE UNDERSIGNED, JOHN JAMES MASON, of Hamilton, have been appointed Assignee in this matter. Creditors (who have not already done so,) are requested to file their claims before me within one month, and are notified to meet at my office, in Hamilton, on FRIDAY, the 29th day of May next, at 11 o'clock forenoon, for the public examination of the Insolvent and for the general ordering of the affairs of the Estate.

J. J. MASON,
Assignee.

Hamilton, April 25, 1874. 90-121

BURLINGTON TEMPLE, NO. 470, I. O. G. T., will meet in their Hall, corner of James and Rebecca Streets, on MONDAY Evening at 7.30 o'clock. Special meeting.

247 S. H. FINCH, Secretary.

L. WICKES.
PAPER HANGER AND DECORATOR.

WALLS AND CEILINGS TINTED in any shade. English, French and American Decorations, and Varnishing Papers a specialty. Contracts given. Robert Street, off Wellington.

Hamilton, April 25, 1874. 97-1m

Eastern Meat Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS TO return sincere thanks to his numerous friends and customers for the very liberal patronage received from them for upwards of twenty years, and hopes by strict attention to their wants to merit a continuance of the same; and begs also to inform them he has opened a shop for meats and general provisions, on the corner of King William and Steven Streets, where he hopes to merit a liberal support.

WILLIAM BLAKE,
Proprietor

Hamilton, April 25, 1874. 97-4t

HAMILTON MASONIC HALL ASSOCIATION.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Members of the Hamilton Masonic Hall Association, for the Election of Directors, and the transaction of general business, will be held in the Masonic Hall, John Street, on Wednesday Evening, the 6th of May next, at 7 o'clock.

J. J. MASON,
Secretary.

Hamilton, April 15, 1874. 97-101

Auction Sales.

IMPORTANT
AUCTION SALE
OF VALUABLE
Household Furniture, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Glass, China, Linen, Piano,
&c., &c., by
ALANSON & HILTON.

WE ARE FAVORED WITH INSTRUCTIONS from W. BIRKETT, Esq., who is removing to England, to Sell by Auction, at his residence,

66 JAMES STREET SOUTH.
On TUESDAY NEXT, 28th Inst.
the whole of his
HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS,
Consisting in part as follows:—

Hall—Handsome Oak Hat Stand, Chairs and Oil Cloth.

Drawing-Room—Elegant Walnut Drawing Room Set in Green Rep and Hair Cloth, Centre Table, Ottomans, Pianoforte, by "Stodart,"—a very superior instrument and in good order; Lace and Damask Curtains, expensive Colored Lithographs and Engravings, in gilt frames; costly Marble and other Mantel Ornaments; magnificent Brussels Carpet, about 90 yards, with hearth rugs to match; Gasalier.

Dining Room—Handsome Extension Walnut Dining Table,—8 leaves; Large Sideboard with carved back; Set of Dining Room and Easy Chairs in hair cloth; very handsome Book-case and Secretaire, combined; Lace Curtains, Choice Engravings, Handsome Dinner Set, Dessert Service, China Breakfast and Tea Sets, Silver Cruet Stand, Cut Glass; Sherry, Port and Champagne, Finger and other Glasses, Decanters, Gasalier, &c., &c.

Breakfast Room—Walnut Table, Brussels Carpet, Book Case, Chairs, Engravings, Cupboard.

MAGIC LANTERN—COMPLETE.

Sitting Room—Carpet, Ruby Coal Stove, Ruby Walnut Table, Chairs and Sofa.

Contents of 3 Bedrooms—Bedroom Set, in curly Oak, consisting of Wardrobe, Bedstead, Dressing Table, Mirror, Washstand, Chairs, Towel Stands, beautifully carved; Walnut Wardrobe and Bureaus, Iron Bedsteads—double and single; large and substantial Oak Blanket and Linen Chest; Blankets, Sheets, &c., &c.; Cane-seated Chairs, Tapestry and other Carpets; handsome sets of Chamber Ware. Engravings.

Kitchen—Coal Cooking Stove, Dresser, Table, Chairs, Crockery and sundry other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale at half-past Ten.
TERMS—CASH.

Will be on View on MONDAY Next, the day previous to sale—in the Afternoon, from 2 to 5.

ALANSON & HILTON,
Auctioneers.

The Furniture (which is by REID) is all in excellent order; the Engravings are very choice—many of them being proofs after the paintings of LANDSEER and other celebrated artists.

Hamilton, April 21, 1874. 93 6t

UNRESERVED SALE
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

T. N. BEST

HAS RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS to Sell by Auction, without reserve, at the Residence of the late Mrs. Park, 137 Upper John Street,

On Wednesday, the 29th April,
AT 11 O'CLOCK.

The entire of the Furniture, comprising one Drawing Room Suite, Green Rep, consisting of 6 Chairs, 2 easy do., 1 Sofa, 2 Walnut Centre Tables, work do., Whatnot, Brussels and other Carpets, Dining Room Table with extra leaves, handsome Gilt Cornices, Lace Curtains, Walnut Side Board, Book Case with glass front, Hair Seat Chairs, handsome Hat and Coat Stand, Hall Chairs, Hall Lamp, Walnut Bedsteads, Bureaus, enclosed and other Washstands, Bedroom Carpets, &c., 1 Coal Cook Stove, 1 Hall Stove, Base Burner and 2 others, Oil Cloths, Door Mats.

Most of the above Goods were manufactured by Mr. James Reid, and may be considered equal to new.

On view from 2 till 4 on Monday and Tuesday.

TERMS - - CASH.

Hamilton, April 25, 1874. 97-3t

AUCTION SALE
OF
Valuable Household Furniture, Pianoforte, Brussels Carpets, Oil-Cloth, &c.

THOMAS BURROWS HAS RECEIVED instructions from the proprietor to Sell by Auction, at the residence, No. 88 James Street South, on THURSDAY, 30th inst., at 11 o'clock, the entire of the Valuable HOUSEHOLD GOODS, comprising Parlor Set of Furniture, in Green Rep; Whatnot, Centre and Side Tables, Gilt Cornices and Lace Curtains, French Timepiece with Glass Shade, Fine Brussels Carpet and Rugs, Fine Steel Engravings, Pianoforte, Fire Irons and Stand. Dining Room—Oak Sideboard and Dining Table (extra leaves), Oak Book-Case, handsome Dinner Set, China and Glassware, Table Cutlery, Plated Goods, Tea and Coffee Service, &c. The Contents of 5 Bedrooms, comprising Sets of Bedroom Furniture, in Oak and Walnut; Sets of Gilt Ware, Looking Glasses, Hair Mattress and Palliasses, Tin Baths, Stair Carpets and Rods, Hall Oil Cloth, Self-feeder Stove and Pipes, Hat Rack and Chairs. Kitchen—Cook Stove for coal or wood, with copper furniture; Patent Mangle, Refrigerator, Glass Preserve Jars, and a Quantity of Preserves, Kitchen Utensils, Tubs, Pails and other articles. Terms—Cash.

N. B.—The goods on view on Wednesday, from two to six p. m.

Hamilton, April 15, 1874. 97-4t

AUCTION SALE
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
CARPETS, STOVES, WAGGONS,
SLEIGHS, BUGGIES, HARNESS, &c.

THOMAS BURROWS HAS RECEIVED instructions to SELL BY AUCTION, at the Residence of the late Thomas S. Powell, Esq., Township of Barton, adjoining the Mountain View Hotel, on WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., the entire of the Household Furniture, comprising: Walnut Sofas and Chairs to match, Centre and Side Tables, Sideboard, Steel Engravings, Curtains and Cornices, large Bureau with Secretaire; Mantle Mirror, Hair Rocker, Three-ply Carpets, Hall Oilcloth, Self-feeding Stove and Pipes, Stair Carpet and Rods, Crockery, Glass and Plated Goods; the contents of four Bedrooms, comprising; Bedsteads, Matrasses, Feather Beds, Pillows, Washstands and Ware, Bureau, Wardrobe, Hair Matrasses.—Kitchen comprises; Hercules Cookstove and Pipes, Tubs, Pails, Scales, Crocks and Jars, Tool Chest, &c.; also, a quantity of Garden Tools; Wheel-barrow, 1 Cutter, 1 Spring Waggon, 1 Lumber Waggon, 1 Grindstone, 1 Pair Harrows, Straw Cutter, Oat Bin, 1 Pair Bob Sleighs, 1 Family Sleigh, 1 Buggy, 1 Carpenter's Bench, 1 Single Waggon, 2 Sets of Harness, and other effects.

TERMS CASH, for the Household Goods, and for the Farm Implements, 10 months credit, on furnishing Approved Joint Notes.

THOMAS BURROWS,
Auctioneer

Hamilton, April 21, 1874. d93-4d&w17-1t

STATION HOTEL.

THE SUBSCRIBER, IN THANKING his friends and the Public for patronizing him in the past, would beg to intimate that he has recently

RE-FITTED, RE-FURNISHED AND COMPLETELY RENOVATED

The above Hotel throughout, and would ask for a continuance of favors.

Mr. CHARLES F. WILLIAMS is still in the position of manager.

THOS. DELANTY.

Hamilton, April 25, 1874. 97-6t*

Cutlery! Cutlery!

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES to intimate that he has established a
MANUFACTORY OF CUTLERY OF ALL KINDS,
Surgical and Dental Instruments, Tailors' and Barbers' Shears, Concave Razors, etc., etc., at

Nos. 63 and 65 York Street.

N. B.—Repairing promptly attended to.

JULIUS WINCKLER.

Hamilton, April 22, 1874. 95-1w*

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the partnership hitherto carried on by KENNEDY & WRAGG, as Plasterers, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All outstanding debts will be collected by MR. WRAGG.

The business will be carried on henceforth under the name of

WRAGG & WILKES.

Mr. Wragg's Residence is at No. 112 Napier Street, where Mr. Kennedy formerly resided.

Hamilton, April 24, 1874. 96-3t*

The Economics of Life.

You tell me that debt and despair are upon you; that when the clothes, rent, fuel and lights are paid for, you have only six hundred dollars left with which to feed your family of eight, and that it can't be done. I think I have heard this story a thousand times. And as the whole subject is very simple, I must go over the same ground again.

The largest item in your table expenses is meat. Beef is high. In our city markets a good steak is worth from thirty to thirty-five cents per pound. Beef steak for your family would alone cost, for breakfast and supper, more than two dollars, and then if you had a roast of sirloin for dinner, that would cost nearly as much more. So if that's the right way to live, you are managing well to get on with six hundred dollars per year.

But do you know that there are only about sixty pounds of the sirloin which is used for roast and steaks, in an ox weighing about eight hundred pounds? There are other parts of the animal—good solid meat—which sell for five cents a pound. Portions of the neck, which, when properly cooked, are the most substantial and nourishing parts of the carcase, are sold for four or five cents a pound. One pound of this, cut into small pieces and boiled two hours in three quarts of water, in a close vessel, with five cents' worth of potatoes, turnips, parsnips and carrots, with salt and pepper, and some savory herb, would make a splendid dinner for all of you. Lay bits of toasted bread upon the platter, and then pour on your stew. That's a dinner fit for a king.

Everybody likes variety. Well, purchase next day a knuckle of veal, which will cost you, all told, ten cents, and which your wife will treat in the same way as the beef, except that she will leave out the carrots and parsnips and put in bits of toasted bread or dumplings.

The next day try a bit of the fore-shoulder of a sheep, which is very cheap. When mutton chops were selling for twenty cents a pound, I have seen mutton foreshoulder, of a fair quality, selling for two cents. It is a part which is always very cheap. Cut up into two bits, and cooked as above, a grand dinner for the eight members of your family can be got up for a quarter of a dollar.

Any of these stews may be made into a baked meat pie, by way of variety.

I have given these by way of illustration. You need not have the same dinner twice a month. Fish may be employed occasionally, and some excellent sorts are very cheap.

But these preparations of meat are comparatively expensive. That beautiful white southern corn, cracked wheat, oatmeal, beans and other similar foods are very cheap. A breakfast of oatmeal and white corn, with a little milk, would cost for your whole family not more than ten cents, and it would be a breakfast on which you could all work hard. Skipping the dinner, which has been already discussed, let us consider for a moment the supper. If you keep a cow—as every man properly located with a family of children should—a bowl of bread and milk, or some warmed-up bean porridge, and a cup of tea, will satisfy you.

Such food as I have thus hinted at is not only very cheap, and would bring your table expense within two hundred dollars, but upon it you would all gain flesh, have brighter eyes, finer teeth, sweeter breath, and be altogether healthier than if you feed yourselves upon the present fried, greasy, compounded stuffs, with pies, cakes, and puddings.—*To-day.*

The gifted Dr. Drennan, who was the poet of the United Irishmen of 1798, in his "Wake of William Orr," has this to say:

> Hapless nation! hapless land!
> Heap of uncementing sand—
> Crumbled by a foreign weight,
> And, by worse—domestic hate!

This is from the *Commercial Advertiser*, New York:

> There was a reformer named Lewis
> Christened Dio (my narrative true is)
> Who led a crusade,
> Providing folks paid
> Fifty dollars to "see" Dio Lewis.

The dreary winter blockade on top of Pike's Peak is over, and one of the men who has been doing duty on that elevated weather post has come down to tell his experience. At times the thermometer was over thirty degrees below zero, the wind blowing so strongly that exposure to it was dangerous, and the snow driving in blinding clouds. The signal service men in their substantial stone house, with plenty of wood and provisions, were secure from hunger or frost, and came out of their seclusion of good health. The new trail is so easy in ascent that a man can ride a mule to the top of the peak.

The English Government has intervened in behalf of Theodore Pryce, who recently murdered a young Englishman named Neave in West Mountain Valley, Colorado. Pryce narrowly escaped lynching, and is awaiting trial in Carson City. It is said that his brother is an English baronet, and Neave was also well connected. Pryce wrote to his brother, who brought the affair to the attention of Earl Derby. The Earl communicated with Minister Thornton, and Col. Alleman, United States District Attorney, has been instructed to see that the accused has a fair trial. A noted London barrister has also been sent to Colorado to conduct the defence.

The cause of cremation appears to be rapidly gaining ground in Germany. The merits of the new system of disposing of dead bodies are shortly to be tested by practical experiment in Saxony, the two principal towns of which, Dresden and Leipzig, have offered to legalize it, as an optional course, supposing its advocates can practically make good their assertions in its favor. A furnace for cremation is now actually in process of construction by Friedrich Siemens, a civil engineer. Its cost is estimated at 5,000 marks, or $1,250, and it is calculated that the complete combustion of a human corpse will take about an hour.

HYMENEAL GOSSIP.—It has been rumored for some time that Gen. Schenck was engaged to be married, but now it is formally announced who the lady is that is to be his bride. Your readers will doubtless remember the brilliant and handsome Mrs. Hicks, whose appearance in New York society in the winter of 1872 created such a furor; the lady whose elegant receptions in her palatial residence, 10 West Fourteenth street, drew the *elite* of New York together so frequently during that winter of gaiety and business prosperity; the charming and wealthy widow whom the gossips declared had announced her resolution never, never to marry again. But the papers have contradicted the gossips, and they say positively that Gen. Schenck is to be the happy man. The history of the bride elect is romantic. By birth she is a South American. Her parents, North Americans and Northerners, were living in Brazil when she was born. Her name is Annetta, but her lineage is English, not Spanish. She married an elderly, very wealthy man, but lived in retirement until after his death. Then her New York real estate increased in value, and she became immensely rich. She went to Europe, visited Rome and became a devoted Roman Catholic, giving largely to the Church. On her return to America she became a queen of society, travelled, visiting many persons of distinction, and was at one time the guest of Madame Le Verte in Mobile, Ala., in the prosperous days of that social celebrity. Mrs. Hicks is still young enough to be called "the admiration of men and the envy of women," but she has grown tired of freedom, and has determined to wear the pleasant chains of matrimony again.—*Washington Cor. N. Y. Sun.*

A short time ago a good many reflections were made upon the British Government for their alleged miserly neglect of the graves of those who fell in the Crimean war. It will be seen by this extract, which we are permitted to publish, from the letter of a young Canadian officer whose regiment has just been moved up to Cawnpore, that the charge of neglecting the memory of those who fell in the Indian mutiny cannot be laid against our Government:—"I cannot say anything very favourable of the appearance of Cawnpore—the vast plain of baked clay, with nothing visible except innumerable blocks of barracks. I must except, however, all the "Memorial" places, and they are very numerous. By dint of constant watering they have succeeded in getting plenty of flowers, principally roses, to grow. A few yards from my company's barrack rooms is the well where all poor Wheeler's garrison were buried. It has been railed in, and English roses, daisies and violets are in blossom there. There is a very fine monument erected by Government over the well, which I wish you could see, and a really beautiful garden of about fifty acres, filled with the best roses I have seen. It is only about a quarter of a mile from our mess-bungalow. Immediately round the well are planted cypress trees—I enclose a sprig from one—and the rest of the place is green turf, in which are the flower-beds and rare flowering-trees kept fresh by a regular system of irrigation. All the walks are lined with flower-pots, with English flowers in them. Into the enclosure round the well no native is allowed to enter. Our parade ground is the scene of the battle when Cawnpore was retaken. There is a very handsome memorial church being built where General Wheeler's entrenchments were seventeen years ago."—*The Nation.*

Political Plagiarism.

QUEEN'S SPEECH OF

1869.	1874.
Prepared by Mr. Gladstone.	Prepared by Mr. Disraeli.
My Lords and Gentlemen,—I recur to your advice at the earliest period permitted by the arrangements consequent on the retirement of the late Administration.	My Lords and Gentlemen,—I recur to your advice at the earliest period permitted by the arrangements consequent on the retirement of the late Administration.
My relations with all Foreign Powers continue to be most friendly.	My relations with all Foreign Powers continue to be most friendly.
I pray that the Almighty may never cease to guide your deliberations.	I pray that the Almighty may guide your deliberations.

Twenty-one freshmen were lately suspended from an English college because a professor couldn't find out who placed a tenpenny tack in his chair. He, however, knew all about who sat down on it.

Inscription on a tombstone in Columbia Tenn.: "Escaped the bullets of the enemy to be assassinated by a cowardly pup—a kind husband, an affectionate father."

You can get a good bonnet in Paris for from twenty-five to thirty-five dollars.—*Boston Post.* What does a nightcap cost?—*Miner's Journal.* About a franc a glass.

Kansas judges are either very generous or else they have little dignity. One of them was called "Old Skillet-legs" by a lawyer, and he only imposed a fine of seven shillings for contempt of court.

A little boy, carrying home some eggs from the grocery, dropped them. "Did you break any?" asked his mother, when he told her of it. "No," said the little fellow, "but the shells came off some of 'em."

An English judge, Baron Alderson, on being asked to give his opinion as to the proper length of a sermon, replied, "Twenty minutes, with a leaning to the side of mercy."

Sixteen years ago Tom Kenyon went to Kansas City with a cent, and the other day he signed a check for sixteen thousand dollars. He signed with another man's name, however.

The Chicago *Tribune* prints a poem in which the writer wishes that she had "a heart full of sweet yearlings." How the persecuted author must have yearned to fumble among that compositor's hair.

Among Mr. Summer's valued treasurers are the Bible used by Bunyan when he wrote "Pilgrim's Progress," containing the autograph of Bunyan, while the margin is full of notes; also the manuscript of Burn's poem "Scots wha hae wi' Wallace bled."

In the island of Goa, near Bombay there is a tree called "the sorrow tree," because it only flourishes in the night. At sunset no flowers are to be seen; and yet, half an hour later, it is quite full of them. They yield a sweet smell, but the sun no sooner begins to shine on them than some fall off and others close up, and thus it continues flowing in the night during the whole year.

Dr. Everett, in a lecture on "Best Food for the Best Bodies," says that "children under sixteen years of age should be reared largely on brown bread and milk; then they will possess pearly teeth, brilliant eyes, healthy complexions." The doctor is also of opinion that "little women should go out of fashion. Physical diminution can be avoided by right methods in the use of food."

While a public exhibition was being given of a travelling managerie, at Crewkerne, in Somerset, a keeper entered a cage in which were three young lions, all of which attacked him. The proprietor went quickly to the assistance of the unfortunate man, whom he saved from speedy and certain death. Though the poor fellow's lacerations were severe, there was hope that he will recover.

Bicton, the seat of Lady Rolle, near Exmouth, was in great danger of being totally destroyed by fire. As it was, the servants' dwellings and conservatories were burnt out, and some damage was done to the mansion. It was feared that many works of art were lost; but the furniture and valuable paintings were removed under the superintendence of her ladyship, who sat in her brougham near the burning house.

The *London Gazette* lately contained an announcement that a certain Mrs. Johnson had been presented at the last drawing-room "through inadvertence," and Lady Derby presented her. This announcement has caused considerable talk. After the scandal caused by the disclosures respecting Lady Twist, the Court officials have been more careful than ever. Yet with all his care, and all his experience, the late Lord Chamberlain was not able to prevent this improper presentation. He might well be put off his guard, seeing that the lady had for patronness a noble woman, who is the stepmother of one Cabinet Minister and the wife of another.

A very valuable signal bell for railroads has been invented by M. Scheppers, of Paris. It is adapted for switches or drawbridges, and can be used where signals intended for the eye fail. It consists of two posts connected by a beam which extends over the track, to which is attached a large gong or bell. When the switch or draw is open, a wire rope connecting with the signal throws a trigger perpendicularly over the centre of the track, just low enough to be struck by the smokestack of the locomotive. The trigger connects with a spring or other arrangement, according to the bell used, which rings the bell violently, giving the alarm to the engineer.

Chicago and St. Louis are squabbling about the health of their respective cities. Chicago compares the mortality of St. Louis with San Francisco, which is over-run with filthy Chinamen and pestiferous sailors, and arrives at the conclusion that St. Louis is even less healthy than the Golden City. San Francisco has the credit of burying 19 per annum out of 1,000, and St. Louis is set down as going one better, viz.: 20 per annum to the 1,000 inhabitants. To which the St. Louis *Democrat* retorts that, with her lake zephyrs, sour meat, doctored barley and defective sewer system, Chicago kills off 30 to every 1,000.

The working men who voted for the Tories at the general election are already beginning to repent that step. The late Government was prepared to deal with the Master and Servant Conspiracy and Criminal Law Amendment Act, both Sir Henry James and Sir William Harcourt having specially undertaken at least two of these questions. But now, it is stated, that a Royal Commission will be appointed to consider the first matter just as though no commission had ever inquired into it before, and obtained eleven volumes of evidence. If a Government with a majority of fifty does not think itself strong enough to deal with a question like this in the full flush of youthful vigor, what is it fit for?

A MARVELLOUS MEDIUM.—The London correspondent of the Memphis *Appeal* says, in speaking of a young lady medium, Miss Florence Cooke: "Here was a case for Professors Crookes and Varley to test the physical force question. Miss Cooke very readily yielded herself for them to experiment on the phenomena. I will give their experiences as Professor Crookes gave them to me:—He took Miss Cooke first to his house, that he might be sure of all her surroundings. He then improvised a dark cabinet with an open door. They placed the medium inside and securely tied her. Professor Varley then placed a gold plate on the inside of each wrist, to which was attached insulated wires leading out into the room to a very sensitive electrometer. They tried every motion of her hands and arms and the placing of her arms together to see the different forces of electricity produced by the different positions, Professor Crookes observing her all the time, while Professor Varley had his eyes on the electrometer. After thoroughly learning the effect produced by each movement of hers, they placed the curtain before her, leaving her in the dark. Soon the figure calling herself Katie made her appearance and the electrometer not showing the least movement. She said: 'What do you want me to do with all these wires?' They told her nothing—only to come into the room and make such motions with her hands and arms as her medium had done. Katie at once threw her hands around in a lively manner, which did not effect the currents of electricity in the slightest degree. Then Katie asked Professor Crookes to bring a lighted candle and hold it to her face and see if she looked like Miss Cooke. He tried it and found she had fair complexion and light hair, while Miss Cooke is quite dark, with dark hair. Professor Crookes says that so far as human tests are concerned, nothing could be more conclusive than that there was a genuine phenomenon outside of the conscious aid of the medium. On the disappearance of Katie into the Cabinet they found Miss Cooke in the same condition as when they last saw her, only in an unconscious state of trance. More than this, Mrs. Cooke says she only found Miss Cooke after she got out of the cabinet, and there was nothing about her that could by any possibility have furnished the drapery and veil for Katie, which disappeared with Katie herself."

HAMILTON MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY, April 15, 1874.

WHEAT—		
White Wheat	$1 22 to	1 30
Treadwell	1 24 to	1 26
Winter Red	1 17 to	1 19
Spring	1 12 to	1 19
Barley	1 20 to	1 30
Peas	0 60 to	0 65
Oats	0 45 to	0 50
Clover Seed	5 00 to	5 20
FLOUR MARKET.	Wholesale	Retail
XXX extra, per bbl	$6 50...	$7 00
XX extra, "	6 00...	6 50
Extra, "	5 75...	6 25
Superfine No. 1	5 25...	5 75
Do. No. 2	5 00...	5 25
Middlings	4 50...	4 75
Oatmeal " bri	5 25...	5 75
Cornmeal, per cwt	1 50...	1 75
Buckwheat flour per cwt	2 75...	3 00
DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT MARKET.		
Butter, in prints fresh, per lb	38 to	40
" rolls, " "	23 to	25
" tub	20 to	24
Cheese	11 to	12
Eggs, per doz	13 to	14
Honey	20 to	22
Apples, new, per bag	60 to	1.25
do. dried	1 75 to	—
Potatoes	95 to	1 00
Cabbage per doz	40 to	50
Carrots per peck	20 to	20
Onions, per bush	2 00 to	2.25
Turnips, per bush	25 to	—
Lettuce, per bunch	8 to	15
Radishes, "	5 to	10
Celery, per stick	4 to	12
GAME.		
Rabbits	0 25 to	0 30½
Partridges per brace	0 50 to	0 90
Wild Turkeys	3 00 to	3 50
Wood ducks	25 to	30
Red-head ducks	10 to	40
FISH.		
Pike each	25 to	0 40
Bass each	00 to	0 00
Suckers	10 to	0 12
Pickerel	00 to	0 00
Herrings, per doz	30 to	0 60
Sunfish, per doz	20 to	0 25
Perch, per doz	20 to	0 25
FOWL.		
Chickens per pair	70 to	75
Turkeys, "	75 to	1.25
Geese, "	60 to	70
Ducks, "	30 to	50
MEAT MARKET.		
Beef, fore quarter, per lb	03 to	0 04
" hind quarter, "	05 to	0 06
Mutton, hind quarter, per lb	06 to	0 07
" fore " "	04 to	0 05
Lamb	08 to	0 11
Dressed hogs	8 00 to	0 00
Porkers	1 50 to	2 00
Lard, per lb	11 to	0 12
Tallow, "	06 to	0 07
HAY MARKET.		
Good to best	15 00 to	18 00
Fair to good	12 00 to	14 00
Clover	10 00 to	14 00
WOOD MARKET.		
No. 1 per load	7 00 to	7 75
No. 2 " "	5 50 to	6 00
No. 3 " "	4 50 to	5 00
Pine " "	4 00 to	4 50

MONA IRON WORKS.

HUGHSON STREET, HAMILTON.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

(From 12 to 40-horse power,)

WITH IMPROVEMENTS NEVER BEFORE INTRODUCED,

Very powerful—work with little fuel—self-lubricating throughout—of the very best materials and workmanship—and the lowest remunerative prices.

Apply to J. H. KILLEY & CO.,
Engineers,
Hamilton, Ont

Saw Mill's and General Mill Machinery a specialty. Shafting, Pullies, and Hangers any diameter or length.

Ham Ros, Feb. 9, 1874. eM 33-3m

COUGHS, SORE THROATS, INFLUENZA, WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA and every affection of the THROAT, LUNGS and CHEST, are speedily and permanently cured by the use of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, but loosens it, cleanses the lungs and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of complaint.

WISTAR'S BALSAM WILD CHERRY

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials it has received. The genuine is signed "I. Butts" on the wrapper. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, PROPRIETORS, BOSTON MASS. Sold by dealers generally. deod&wly

BETT'S PATENT CAPSULES.

THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY cautioned that BETT'S Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETT'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading merchants at home and abroad, and he is the ONLY INVENTOR and SOLE MAKER in the United Kingdom.

MANUFACTURIES:—1, Wharf-road, City-road, London and Bordeaux, France. (2)

THE GENUINE

Standard Scales,

STOCK SCALES, COAL SCALES, HAY SCALES, DAIRY SCALES, COUNTER SCALES, &c., &c.

ALSO
THE MOST PERFECT

ALARM CASH DRAWER,

Miles Alarm Till Co.'s.

EVERY MERCHANT SHOULD Use Them.

EVERY DRAWER Warranted

SOLD AT

Fairbanks' Scale Warehouses,
FAIRBANKS & CO.,
93 MAIN STREET, BUFFALO, N. Y.,
338 BROADWAY, ALBANY,
311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
2 Milk Street, Boston.

For Sale by leading Hardware Dealers.
March 16, 1874. d&w m&f 63-3m

Brownjohn & Biggar,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS, Civil Engineers and Architects. Office—Merrick Street, next to Royal Hotel.
Hamilton, March 20, 1874. 61-ly

THOS. RUSSELL & SON'S

KEYLESS WATCHES

- $25—Silver Hunting Keyless.
- $35—Silver Hunting Lever, with Albert Chain.
- $38—Silver Hunting Lever, Nickel Movement.
- $50—Silver Hunting Lever.
- $100—Gold Keyless Ladies' Cased Lever.
- $160—Gold Ladies' Cased do.
- $165—Gold Gents' Keyless-Cased do.
- $180—Gold Gents' Keyless do.

Retail by all leading Watchmakers in the Dominion, and by

A. CAMPBELL	33 John Street South;
R. DATTY	61 King Street West;
T. LEES	5 James Street;
JOSEPH SKINNER	5 York Street;
JOSEPH TAYLOR	56 James Street North;
W. F. McMAHON	36 King Street East;
C. L. VanDUSTEN	2 Market Square.

Wholesale 1y THOS. RUSSELL & SON,
94-1y 57 Yonge Street, Toronto.

BOOTS & SHOES.

THE ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS LATELY COMMENCED AT

THE PEOPLE'S BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

Corner King and McNab Streets,

Are now almost completed, and the subscribers would cordially invite the Public to call and Examine his Stock of BOOTS AND SHOES before purchasing elsewhere.

THE STORE NOW BEING DOUBLE THE SIZE it was; and well lighted, it affords ample accommodation to all.

The Stock will bear Inspection, being one of the LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED IN THE CITY; and as the business is conducted wholly on a CASH basis, better value can and will be given than any similar Establishment.

JAMES WIDGER.

Hamilton, April 11, 1874. 84-1m

1874. NEW SPRING GOODS 1874

AT

WATT & HUNTER'S.

WE WOULD TAKE THIS OPPORTUNITY OF RETURNING thanks to our Friends and the Public generally for the very liberal patronage received in the past, and hope by prompt attention to business, and a desire to give general satisfaction to those who may favor us with their orders, to merit a continuance of their custom.

We have now to hand a Fine Assortment of

ENGLISH, SCOTH AND CANADIAN TWEEDS; ALSO A WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF READY-MADE CLOTHING.

For which we Invite Inspection. **Remember the Old Stand—36 James St., nearly opposite Mechanics' Hall.**

Hamilton, April 4, 1874. 79.1m

SPRING ARRIVALS OF NEW GOODS

JAMES FOSTER,

Merchant Tailor. - - No. 70 and 72 King Street West.

IS IN RECEIPT OF A CHOICE

ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Comprising all the LEADING and MOST FASHIONABLE MATERIALS of the Season.

Call and Inspect the Stock.

Agent for MITCHELL & BRENNAN'S New York Fashions.—The Trade supplied.

A Pantaloon maker wanted.—None but a first-class man need apply

Hamilton, March 21st, 1874. 66-tf

ESTABLISHED 1858— **THE CHEAP STORE!** —ESTABLISHED 1858.

THOS. FOWKES' DRY GOODS STORE,

NO. 11 KING WILLIAM ST., NEAR JAMES ST.

Thomas Fowkes Sells every class of Dry Goods at the very Lowest Prices.

Depot for French and English Dress Goods!
Depot for English and Canadian Tweeds!
Depot for Cornwall Blankets!
Depot for Dundas Cotton Goods!
Depot for Ancaster Woollen Goods

New Spring Goods coming in Every Day. Cheaper than Ever!
The very best of Goods!

HAMILTON, April 15 1874. 241

One Month's Sale One Month's Sale

AT THE SCOTCH HOUSE!

Third Week and Unabated Success

OF ASHER'S GRAND COLOSSAL SALE.

GOODS CHEAPER EVERY DAY.

Another Lot of Ladies' 1-Button KID GLOVES, at 75c. per pair—Sizes: 6½, 6¾, 7, 7 and 7½.—Colors: Brown, Mauve, Slate and Flesh. Great Slaughtering in the Shirt business.—300 Oxford Shirts at 45c.; 350 Fancy Striped at 55c, worth 90c. Horrockses White Cottons—the Lowest in the city; and the CHEAPEST HOUSE to buy Plain and Useful Dry Goods is ASHER'S, 56 King Street West.

Hamilton, April 11th, 1874. 65-1y

NEW SPRING GOODS!

SPECIAL ATTENTION ASKED TO THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS, viz.:—

Fancy Dress Goods and Silks.

BLACK GOODS IN CASHMERES AND LUSTRES.
PRINTS, COTTONS, AND LACE CURTAINS.
HOSIERY, IN ALL SIZES AND KINDS.

Kid Gloves, a Large, Fresh Stock, and Beautiful Shades.

JAMES ROBERTSON,
NO. 20 KING STREET.

Hamilton, April 8, 1874. 82-tf

GREAT SHOW OF LYONS SILKS!

A. MURRAY & CO.

WILL SHOW TO-MORROW MORNING

50 Pieces Black Gros Grain Silks,

At $1.25 per yard, equal to any they have ever sold at $1.75.

LADIES SHOULD NOT FAIL TO SEE THESE REALLY EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS.

A. MURRAY & CO.,
KING STREET.

HAMILTON, April 8, 1874.

NE PLUS ULTRA WATCHES!

NEW YORK WATCH CO., SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

JOSEPH TAYLOR, AGENT FOR HAMILTON.

Has Just Received a Fine Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches of the above description.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA WATCH IS PRONOUNCED BY COMPETENT JUDGES TO BE ONE OF the most RELIABLE, if not the BEST Watch, now offered to the public.

A SUPPLY OF THE CELEBRATED ELGIN WATCHES ALSO FOR SALE.

The above Watches are undoubtedly the best in the market, and will be sold at a slight advance on wholesale prices. Intending purchasers should CALL AND EXAMINE. Also, a very large and Fine Stock of Fashionable Jewellery just to hand.

Remember No. 56 James Street, near the Post Office.

Hamilton, March 24, 1874. 27-d&w

THE EYE.

WHEN THE EYE SENSIBLY FLATTENS, ALL DELAY IS DANGEROUS,

And the longer those who feel the want of assistance defer

THE USE OF SPECTACLES,

The more they will INCREASE THE FAILURE OF THE EYE.

It is necessary to commence wearing Spectacles when you cannot read without holding the book further from you than the proper distance—about thirteen inches.

Mr. M. will select Spectacles for those who entrust themselves to his skill as an optician, with the utmost care, and as the science of optics is one of those not readily picked up, the public should understand that it is not every seller of Spectacles that can give that advice, which is usually requisite in the choice of Spectacles.

Mathematical Instruments, Telescopes, Microscopes, and all kinds of Optical Instruments, at

GEO. MICHAEL'S { 51½ King Street, TORONTO; 40 King Street West, HAMILTON, (White's Music Store.)

Hamilton, Feb. 13, 1874. 1-ly

PUBLIC SPIRIT!

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER!

ENTITLED

"PUBLIC SPIRIT!"

will make its First Appearance

On FRIDAY, MAY 1st, 1874.

J. W. JAMES, PUBLISHER.

Hamilton, April 16, 1874. 86-tf

WHEN YOU BUY your BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS try a Spool of BELDING BROS. SEWING SILK—the best in the world.

G. A. WALTON, General Agent for Wheeler & Wilson.

54 James Street.
Hamilton, Jan 24, 1874. 20-ly

English Barber Shop.

BATHS! BATHS! BATHS!

HOT, COLD, SHOWER AND SEA SALT BATHS.

Youths under 16 years old can have Baths for 15cts. each.

HENRY URRY,
45 James Street

Hamilton, Dec 23, 1873.

CITY BARBER SHOP AND BATHS.

MR. J. H. BLAND BEGS TO announce that he has established, in connection with his well known City Barber Shop, HOT AND COLD BATHS, for the use of the public.

Side entrance forjadien.

Hamilton, Feb. 13, 1874. 27-tf

THE FARMERS' AND MECHANICS'

LOAN AND SAVINGS' COMPANY,

Head Office, 90 King street East, Toronto.

JOHN CAWTHRA, Esq., President.
JOHN BELL, Esq., Q. C., Vice-President.

This Company makes advances on mortgage security of city, town or farm property, in sums of $200 and upwards, for periods of from one to twenty years, re-payable by half yearly or yearly instalments. Money received on deposit subject to call. Interest rate of 6 per cent. compounded half-yearly.

Full particulars on application to

HENRY STEPHENS,
(Sec'y Hamilton Board of Trade.)
Office with WYLIE & YOUNG,
Rebecca street, Hamilton.

Hamilton, March 12, 1874. 60-tf

"PHŒNIX"

FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY

OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

Established 1782.

Fire Insurance of all kinds effected.

Rates as low as those of any other first-class Company.

Claims settled with promptitude and liberality.

GEO. H. GILLESPIE,
Agent for Hamilton.

Office of the Dundas Cotton Mills Co., Macnab St

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & Co.,
Montreal, General Agents for Canada. 126-1y

BROOM CORN.

A LARGE LOT OF BROOM Corn for Sale, and which will be offered at Public Auction, at the Racket Court, Maiden Lane, in the City of Hamilton, on TUESDAY, the 5th day of May. It will be put up in lots of one ton and upwards, to suit purchasers. Terms made known at sale. Private sales would be made prior to the auction on application to the undersigned.

C. W. MUGRIDGE,
116 King Street East.

Hamilton, April 20, 1874. 92-td

TENDERS FOR PRINTING &c.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Secretary of State, Ottawa, and endorsed respectively, "Tenders for Printing Paper," "Tenders for Printing" and "Tenders for Binding," will be received until noon of

Monday, the 11th day of May next,

For the performance during a term of five years from the first day of October next, of the following services

1. Furnishing Printing Paper for the printing of the "Canada Gazette," the Statutes and Orders in Council, and for pamphlets and other jobs required by the several Departments of the Government.

2. Printing the "Canada Gazette," the Statutes and Orders in Council, and other books, pamphlets, blank books, forms, blanks, and other printing required by the several Departments of the Government.

3. Binding the Statutes and Orders in Council and such other books or blank books, and such other binding, map-mounting, &c., as may be required by the several Departments of the Government.

Blank Forms of Tender and Specifications will be furnished on application to the undersigned, on and after the 20th April instant.

EDOUARD J. LANGEVIN,
Under Secretary of State.

Department of the Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 15th April, 1874. 91-19

DOMINION LINE.

THIS LINE IS COMPOSED OF the following FIRST-CLASS FULL-POWERED CLYDE-BUILT STEAMSHIPS, and will perform regular service between

LIVERPOOL, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

IN SUMMER, AND

LIVERPOOL & BOSTON

IN WINTER.

VESSEL.	TONS.	
MONTREAL	3250	(Building).
ONTARIO	3200	"
DOMINION	3200	(Capt. Bouchette).
MEMPHIS	2500	" Mellon.
VICKSBURG	2500	" Pearson.
TEXAS	2350	" Laurenson.
MISSISSIPPI	2200	" Roberts.
CITY OF DUBLIN	2200	" Bennett.
St. LOUIS	1824	" Reid.

These vessels have very superior accommodation for Cabin and Steerage Passengers, and *Pre-paid Tickets are issued at reduced prices to those desirous of bringing out their friends.*

Fare from Boston or Quebec to Liverpool, Cabin, $60.
Do. do do do Steerage, $24.

Return Tickets issued at reduced rates.

"City of Quebec" from Liverpool 15th April for Liverpool, 7th May.

WYLIE & YOUNG, Agents,
OFFICE—Rebecca Street, 3 doors East of James

Hamilton, March 2, 1874. 51-1y

NORTH CAROLINA:

How to get there!

TO SETTLERS AND OTHERS who contemplate going to North Carolina, it is a matter of great importance to START RIGHT, and have THROUGH TICKETS to destination before leaving. The undersigned having been appointed SOLE AGENT for Hamilton and surrounding country for

THE OLD DOMINION STEAM-SHIP COMPANY,

(in connection with the N. Y. C. & H. R. R.)

Is prepared to give full and reliable information; and supply THROUGH TICKETS to SETTLERS, or grant Excursion Tickets from Hamilton to principal points in the State and return—at LOWER THROUGH RATES than can be had elsewhere.

CHAS. E. MORGAN.
General Ticket Agent,
11 James Street, HAMILTON, Ontario.

Hamilton, March 7, 1874. 56-3m-d&w

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY.

Passenger Accommodation Unsurpassed.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo

To GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, LONDONDERRY, QUEENSTOWN OR BELFAST:

Cabin $70 to $85 Gold, according to steamer and location of berth.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

Intermediate and Steerage as low as any other line.

For passage or further information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent,

GEORGE McKEAND, 5 James St., Hamilton. 71

WYLIE & YOUNG,

WHARFINGERS AND FORWARDERS.

(WHARF FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY CAPT. E. ZEALAND.)

AGENTS

WESTERN EXPRESS LINE OF Propellers, are prepared to forward with all despatch, goods for Liverpool (per through Bills of Lading), Montreal, and intermediate ports; also, to Gulf ports, and ports on Lower St. Lawrence.

AGENTS

"Dominion Steamship Line,"

Between QUEBEC and LIVERPOOL.

For Freight or Passage Apply to
WYLIE & YOUNG,
Hamilton.

OFFICE:—Rebecca street, 3rd door from James.
Hamilton, March 12, 1874. 60-tf

STATE LINE

STEAM SHIP COMPANY!

NEW YORK TO GLASGOW VIA BELFAST.

THESE VESSELS ARE BUILT under special survey, and classed A100 (highest description) at Lloyd's. They are fitted up with every improvement which experience can suggest for the safety, comfort and convenience of Cabin and Steerage Passengers, and, from their fine model and great power, are calculated to maintain a speed equal to any of the other first-class Lines.

They are commanded by Masters and Officers of the highest character for prudence, judgment and unremitting vigilance, and every attention is paid to all classes of Passengers. An experienced Surgeon is attached to each ship.

Steerage Passengers Carried on Main Deck only.

SAILING DATES:

S. S. State of "Virginia," Saturday, May 2nd
" " "Pennsylvania," " 16th
" " "Georgia," " 30th

At noon from the Company's Dock, Pier 36, North River, foot of North Moore Street, N. Y.

WEEKLY SAILINGS IN JUNE.

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM HAMILTON

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Belfast, London-derry or Queenstown:

CABIN. GOLD	ROUND TRIP. GOLD	STEERAGE. GOLD
$80. — $90.	$140. — $160.	$34 10.

Second Cabin, with First-class Railway Ticket, $55 Gold.

PREPAID TICKETS AT LOWEST RATES.

SUMMER TOURS IN EUROPE specially arranged in connection with this Line, for Season 1874.

The Main Saloon in these Steamers occupies the entire width of the Vessel. The Staterooms upon the Saloon deck are unusually large, well-ventilated, and lighted. Electric bells connect each stateroom with the steward's department, and the accommodation is first-class in every respect. All the Vessels are heated by steam, and nothing is wanting that could possibly contribute to the comfort of passengers.

For Tickets and Plan of Steamers, apply to
CHAS. E. MORGAN, General Ticket Agent,
P. O. Drawer 112. 11 James Street, Hamilton.

Hamilton, April 16, 1874. 80-6m-d&w

KING STREET,

PRACTICAL
WATCH-MAKER
AND
MANUFACTURING
JEWELLER.

Established . . 1857.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY AND SILVER WORK Made to Order.

Watch Repairing a specialty.

All kinds of Watch repaired with care and promptitude.

CLOCK WORK attended to with equal care.

REPAIRING DEPARTMENT Is now replete with all kinds of the BEST MATERIAL.

Prices moderate.

W. F. McMAHON.

NEW GOODS.

RICH

Gold Jewellery!
Gold Bracelets
Gold Lockets!
Gold Necklets
Gold Rings!
Gold Suites!
Gold Chains!
Gold Studs!
Gold Watches!
Gold Emblem Pins!
Colorado Diamond Goods.
Card Cases!
Bouquet-holders!
Fine Clocks!
Glass Shades!
Masonic Aprons!
Gold and Cheap Spectacles!

Opposite the W. F. College,
HAMILTON, ONT.

Hamilton, Oct. 2 1873.

T. B FAIRCHILD'S

RESTAURANT, NO. 4 KING ST. west, is now the most complete in the city, and in connection therewith is a Large and Commodious Ladies' Dining Room, with a private entrance from King Street. Oysters, together with all that is in season served in every style of the culinary art. Special attention paid to banquets, suppers, luncheons, &c.

Hamilton, Feb. 20, 1873. 49-1y

"THE QUEEN'S HOTEL!"

(Patterson's Block, opposite New Masonic Hall, James Street.)

CHOICEST WINES, LIQUORS, and Cigars always in stock. Particular attention paid to restaurant.

Oysters served in all styles, and meals prepared on the shortest notice.

D. BUNYAN, Agent.

Hamilton, March 7, 1874. 16-tf

J. SOLLEDER, UNDERTAKER,

128 North Macnab Street, Hamilton,

BEGS TO CALL ATTENTION TO his large stock of Black Walnut and Rosewood

Caskets and Coffins,

Also, Shrouds and Trimmings,

which he has selected with care. The styles are the newest and most fashionable.

A hearse to hire and funerals supplied on the most reasonable terms.

Please call and inspect the stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Hamilton, March 25, 1874. J. SOLLEDER. 71-3m

TO THE LADIES!

MRS. DYON

IS IN RECEIPT OF ANOTHER assortment of REAL HAIR, which she is prepared to make up in styles to suit purchasers; and has also received an assortment of NATURAL CURLS, &c.,—

At her residence, 12 Park Street, between King and Main.

Hamilton, Jan. 23 1874.

FITCH'S WIDE BELT TRUSS AND SUPPORTER,

ACKNOWLEDGED BY MEDICAL Men to be the best Truss and Supporter combined now in use.

For Sale at JOHN A. BARR'S,
Cor. York and Macnab Streets

Hamilton August 28, 1873. 479-tf&w14-tf

Gentlemen's Furnishings.

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO inform the gentlemen of Hamilton that he has commenced business at

No. 8 John Street North,

and has on hand a full stock of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS!

of the very best quality.

Call and examine; the styles and prices cannot fail to suit.

CHARLES FALLIS.

Hamilton, April 13, 1874. 86-1m

Morrison & Torrance

(LATE MORRISON & CLARK),

ENGINE BUILDERS,
BOILER MAKERS
AND GENERAL JOBBERS,

ARE PREPARED TO MANUfacture on the shortest notice a superior class of

Steam Hammers, Marine Boilers,

and all kinds of

ENGINE WORK.

Especial attention is given to the re-fitting of Vessels. All orders executed with promptness, and satisfaction given.

WORKS AND OFFICES:

CORNER OF STUART AND CAROLINE STREETS,

(opposite G. W. R. Freight Depot.)

Hamilton, April 9, 1874. 82-3m

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

OF THE UNITED STATES.

Surplus over Legal Reserve......$3,769,962.

SADLEIR & STREET, Gen. Agents for Hamilton and Surrounding Counties.

OFFICE—24 Merrick Street. 58-3m

1875— —1875

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

ASSURERS NOW JOINING the Canada Life Assurance Company are entitled to

Two Years' Share of Profits

at the division next year.

At its last division the Company gave its Policy-holders a rate of

PROFIT BONUS,

such as it is believed has not been exceeded by any Company, and its continued prosperity since then warranting the expectation that the profits will again be of a most

Satisfactory and Valuable Character,

Assurers are invited to

SHARE IN THE ADVANTAGES

which can now be obtained.

A. G. RAMSAY,
Managing Director.
R. HILLS,
Assistant Secretary.

Hamilton, January 5th, 1874.

Cure Leucorrhœa (or Whites), Painful Menstruation, Ulceration of the Uterus, Ovarian diseases, Absent Menstruation, and all diseases known as Female Weakness. They are prepared with the greatest care, under the personal supervision of a physician who has made female diseases a special study for many years, and they are a medicine on which

MARRIED LADIES

can depend "*in the hour and time of need*" as an unfailing

FEMALE REGULATOR.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

Price—One box, $1; six boxes, $5; sent by mail free of postage secure from observation. For full particulars write for our pamphlet, which we will send in a sealed envelope to any address on receipt of post stamp to prepay return postage. Address all letters for pamphlets or pills to

WILLIAM GRAY & Co.,
Windsor, Ont.

J. WINER & Co., Hamilton, Wholesale Agents; and sold by all Druggists everywhere.

Windsor, April 13, 1874. 88

INSURANCE AT COST.

CAPITAL $100,000. CHARTER PERPETUAL.

MUTUAL BENEFIT ASSOCIATION — TORONTO

CANADA DIVISIONS MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE CO'Y., HARTFORD.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA.

Trust and Loan Co.'s Building, corner Toronto and Adelaide streets, Toronto.

SOLICITORS—Messrs. Ross & Macdonald, King street.

The object of this Association is to afford its members, in case of death, all the security, protection and relief which men seek in Life Insurance Companies, but in a less expensive and more convenient manner.

Members are classified in Divisions, according to age. A Life Policy for $5,000 costs $10 and $7 per $1,000 yearly thereafter, being less than one-third the ordinary rates.

The mode of payment is easy and convenient; and no member need ever forfeit his policy; nor is he liable to any expense except in the division to which he belongs.

The following acknowledgement from Capt. Harbottle, Hamilton, is the strongest evidence that need be furnished of the advantages this Association affords the public, and the promptness with which it pays its death claims.

Hamilton, April 9th, 1874—Received from Messrs. Wingfield and Barker, Managers of the Canada Branch of the M. B. L. Co. of Hartford, the amount of the claim of the late John Harbottle.

I take pleasure in bearing testimony to the advantages this Company offers, more especially to those of moderate means. It affords all the protection, in the event of death, of the high-rate Insurance Companies, and at trifling expense; and its mode of payment is so easy and convenient that all can avail themselves of its advantages. The late John Harbottle having paid his fee of $10 only (and there being but the one death in his Division during his membership of five months), I am enabled to base my opinion on actual facts as to the economy and easy mode of payment in this Association.

THOS. HARBOTTLE.

Witness, Walter Page & Co., Agents for Hamilton.

All claims will be paid in sixty days after proofs of death are accepted by the Association.

For Books, giving full particulars of plan, cost &c., apply to

WALTER PAGE & Co.,
42 James street north,
Agents for Hamilton.

Hamilton, April 18, 1874. eod 91-6t

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the matter of TAYLOR & MINTY, *Insolvents.*

I THE UNDERSIGNED, JOHN JAMES MASON, of Hamilton, have been appointed Assignee in this matter. Creditors (who have not already done so,) are requested to file their claims before me within one month, and are notified to meet at my office, in Hamilton, on MONDAY, the 18th day of May next, at 11 o'clock forenoon, for the public examination of the Insolvents and for the general ordering of the affairs of the Estate.

J. J. MASON,
Assignee.

Hamilton, April 13, 1874. 87-13t

Ontario Planing Mill.

SASH, BLINDS, DOORS, MOULDINGS, Matched Flooring and Sheeting, Siding Lath, Shingles, Cedar Post, &c., &c. Good workmanship and dry materials.

JOHN SEMMENS,
Proprietor.

November 17, 1871.

NOW ON HAND!

AT

GREY'S

Tailoring Establishment!

A splendid lot of

SCOTCH & ENGLISH TWEEDS,

Together with some very beautiful Coatings, in Venetians, Maltons, Trikos, Cassimeres, &c.

We hope to meet our old friends as early as possible, and ensure them a splendid suit.

Every Article Guaranteed.

First Store in Lister's Block, Rebecca St., off James
Hamilton, Feb. 25, 1874. 50-3m

EAST END TOBACCO DEPOT,

No. 80 King-st., opposite W. F. College.

A CHOICE VARIETY ALWAYS on hand of Best Fine-cut Chewing Tobacco Best Plug and Cut Smoking Tobacco, &c. A No. 1 Killick inneck Smoking Tobacco. CIGARS of all qualities, at prices ranging from One Dollar and upwards per box. Goods supplied to Pedlars and Dealers.

THOMAS LEWIS.

Hamilton, Jan. 15, 1874. 12-ly

VIRGINIA TOBACCOS!

OF THE FOLLOWING BRANDS:

PACE'S POUNDS, PACE'S TWIST,

Cable Coil, Gold Bars, McDonald's British Consuls T. & B. Myrtle Navy, McDonald's Navy, McDonald's Little Favorite Chewing.

HAVANA CIGARS

Upmans, Carolinas, Partagas, Henry Clay and Partuga Chicos.

MEERSCHAUM PIPES, CIGAR HOLDERS

and the Favorite G. B. D. Briars.

Cigar and Tobacco Stands, and Ash Pans, of the Latest French Designs. Also, a Fine Stock of Choice Cigar Cases, suitable for Christmas Presents, at

B. A. KING'S, 52 JAMES ST.

Hamilton, Dec 15, 1873.

T. KENDALL,

TAXIDERMIST,

102 & 104 Bay Street North.

Birds and Animals stuffed in superior style and on shortest notice.

Hamilton, Jan. 27, 1874.

Customs Department,
OTTAWA, March 21st, 1874.

AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT ON American Invoices until futher notice, 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

226-tf

ELASTIC STOCKINGS, KNEE-CAPS AND ANKLETS,

SILK, WOOLLEN AND COTTON,

For Swelled Veins, Weak Joints, Rheumatism.

TRUSSES!

All Sizes—Single and Double—

With and without Springs.

Nursing Aprons, Bibs, &c.

INDIA-RUBBER CLOTH—
Various Widths

AT **R. BRIERLEY'S,**

Family and Dispensing Chemist, King St. East.

Hamilton, Sept. 22, 1877.

DR. ANDREWS'

DISPENSARY
FOR
PRIVATE DISEASES.

BOTH SEXES can obtain Remedies ultimately successful in all diseases of a private nature and Chronic Complaints, from DR. ANDREWS, at his Laboratory. Dr. Andrews has

Removed to 157 Clinton Street.

Near Michigan Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Persons wishing to obtain any of the Specific Remedies may do so with perfect secrecy, as the office of the Dispensary is so arranged that it is impossible for patients calling to see each other. No charge for advice.

DR. ANDREWS' FEMALE PILLS.

The effect of certain medicines having been duly ascertained in such cases, females are surely relieved from their distressing complaints, the specific for correcting irregularities, removing obstructions from any cause whatever, and the only safe, sure, and certain remedy for all those afflicting complaints so peculiar to the female sex. They are nothing new, but have been used by the Doctor for many years.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box. Pills sent to any address on receipt of One Dollar. For sale by all Druggists.

All letters must be addressed (post-paid) to Dr. ANDREWS, Box 3798, Buffalo, N. Y., and contain a postage stamp if an answer is required.

Patients from a distance will be accommodated with board and medical attendance when it is necessary for them to remain in Buffalo for treatment.

Notice to Creditors.

THE CREDITORS OF THE LATE C. E. STEWART, deceased, are requested to send in their claims, with full particulars thereof to the undersigned, as Solicitors for the Administratrix of the Estate of the deceased. All parties indebted to the Estate upon Terms Office Account, are also requested to make payment thereof at that office forthwith.

Dated 11th March, 1874.

MACKELCAN, GIBSON & BELL,
60-tf Solicitors for Administratrix.